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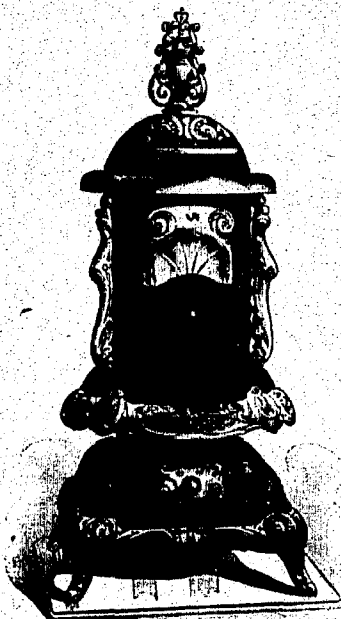
That is why our customers pride themselves upon their Meat purchases when they come here.

We are Specialists on Meats and put into our Market Service the very best there is.

Milk's Market

F. H. Milks

Phone No. 2



Cold Weather Is Nearly Here

So be prepared for it. We have the cold weather wants.

Florence Heating Stoves
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Universal
Perfection Oil Heating Stoves
Steel Ranges
Furnaces of all kinds.

Bath room outfits, Shot Guns, Rifles, Ammunition of all kinds, Horse Blankets, Aluminum Cooking Utensils, Wash Tubs, Wringers, Wash Boards, Washing Machines, Wash Boilers, Mop Wringers.

See us before purchasing elsewhere, we give good goods at reasonable prices.

Stoves sold on the Installment Plan.

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Paints, Oils, Builders' Supplies
Tin Shop in Connection
Phone No. 1222

FISH

Fresh from the Ocean for your
FRIDAY DINNER

WE CAN DELIVER TO YOUR HOME

Fresh Codfish

Fresh Eel

Fresh Flounders

Fresh Herring

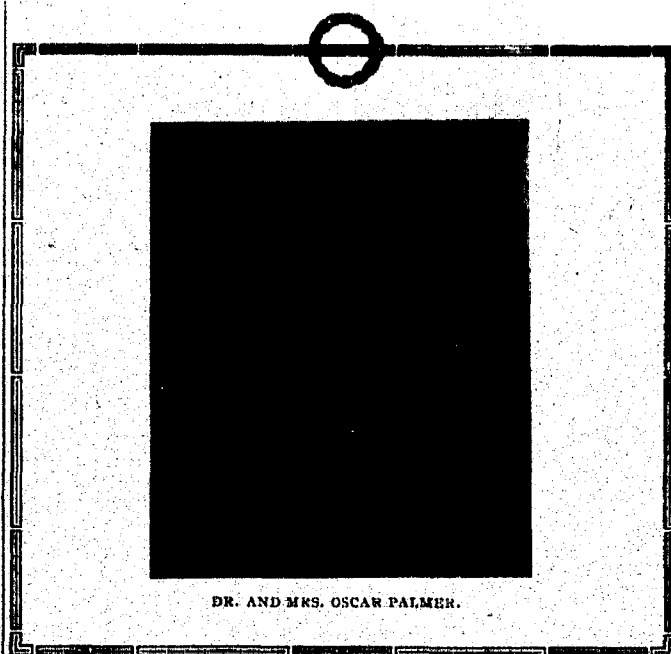
This is Special for this week. We also have all kinds of Salted and Canned Fish. Send your order early.

Phone No. 25

Promptly Delivered

H. PETERSEN,

Your Grocer.



DR. AND MRS. OSCAR PALMER.

MARRIED FIFTY YEARS.

Sunday, October 25th, was just 50 years from the day that Dr. Oscar Palmer and Miss Nellie Taylor, both of Hudson, Michigan, were united in holy wedlock.

Both the Doctor and Mrs. Palmer were saying little or nothing about the approach of this most important and honorable event and it was only by accident that the cat leaked out of the bag, but then it was too late for any of their friends to make plans toward helping to celebrate, but the happy couple were showered with bouquets of flowers in remembrance of the occasion. Also each mail that arrived the fore part of the week brought auspicious looking packages, letters and post cards offering congratulations and best wishes.

The day was spent very happily by Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, who were reverent in their thanks to God for having spared them these long years. Happy indeed has been their companionship. Having been denied the blessing of having children of their own, they have, with a great deal of satisfaction and pleasure, given much of

their time and assistance in the rearing and educating of others, and they are proud of the fact that none of "their children" have failed to "make good."

It was fifty years ago Sunday that Dr. Oscar Palmer returned to Hudson from Washington, D. C., where he was an assistant surgeon in the Military hospital, and went to claim the hand of Miss Taylor. Time was short as the Doctor had to return soon to his duties at Washington, so the preacher was soon summoned and the result of his performance is still evident in the Palmer family today.

To say that the lives of Dr. and Mrs. Palmer have been happy would be speaking but mildly, for few if any have been more congenial. One may hear nothing but courtesy in this household, and devotion and consideration for each other is paramount the minds of both.

That they may have many more years of recreation and travel, and live to ripe old ages will be the sincere wishes of their hosts of friends.

School Notes.

Monthly tests this week, report cards next.

Robert Roblin and Edward Waldron re-entered school, Monday.

Walter Dorah keeps the reading table supplied with the daily paper.

Arthur Bradfish, who has been ill at the hospital, came home Friday.

Martha Jensen and Eula Stilwell were absent from school Monday afternoon.

The children of the South side school are anticipating a party Friday afternoon.

Elizabeth Charron and Wilson Mason of the first grade have birthdays this week.

The children of the first A class, are real proud to have read four new pages Tuesday.

Bertina Bennett, Isa Richardson and Esther Regan were eighth grade visitors this week.

The German II class has been interested for the past week in the study of German literature.

The A and B classes of the first grade have prepared special lessons in printing for their mothers.

The two South side rooms expect to entertain each other with their Halloween songs Wednesday during music period.

Erline McNevin brought the American magazine for this month and Earl McNevin brought Everybody's magazine for the eighth grade reading table.

In securing your different necessities for the winter you should not fail to get season tickets for our entertainment course. The first number will be given November 19.

The time for chorus practice in the high school has been changed to Monday and Wednesday nights. We have two new songs, "Anvil Chorus" from Il Trovatore, and "Anchored".

The rhetoric class is writing a continued story, "Dairy of a Donkey." One member of the class writes this dairy for one week and then passes it to another member. In this story much originality has been shown.

Toned up Whole System.

"Chamberlain's Tablets have done more for me than I ever dared hope for," writes Mrs. Esther Mae Baker, Spencerport, N. Y. "I used several bottles of these tablets a few months ago. They not only cured me of bilious attacks, sick headaches and that tired out feeling, but toned up my whole system." For sale by all dealers.

Reception for Rev. and Mrs. Mitchell.

On Friday evening a reception was given at the Methodist church for Rev. and Mrs. Mitchell, who recently came here to take charge of the work of that church. There was a goodly number present and after the pastor and his wife had met everyone, Mr. C. J. Hathaway, chairman for the evening, called them to order and the following program was rendered: Opening, vocal solo..... Rev. Mitchell. Few remarks on the Sunday School..... C. J. Hathaway.

Remarks on the same subject..... Allen B. Failing.

A few words concerning the choir..... Mrs. Olaf Michelson.

Solo..... Mrs. T. W. Hanson.

A few words..... Prof. Ellsworth and O. P. Schumann.

Reading..... Miss Arvilla Jones.

Final vocal solo..... Ambrose Meistrup.

Vocal solo which was extra, rendered by request, Rev. Mitchell.

After the program the guests were invited to the dining room, where refreshments had been prepared by the ladies of the Ladies Aid, which were much enjoyed.

Rev. Mitchell has taken hold of the work here with a great deal of enthusiasm and zeal. His sermons are interesting, full of spirit and uplifting. With the co-operation of the Presbyterian church society with the Methodist society, the church will no doubt enjoy a prosperous year.

Fire insurance is too cheap to be without. Why are you so negligent? GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SONS.

There will be a boiled dinner given at the G. A. R. hall Saturday, Nov. 7th, under the auspices of the Grange. Everyone is cordially invited to come. The price is 25c.

This is the store that sells SUNSHINE SUITS, COATS and SKIRTS



We invite you to come this week and see the new styles for Fall and Winter. If you do not know what Sunshine means, we believe a visit to this store will prove to be a revelation. You will find garments of surpassing beauty and fashionable to the highest degree, not extreme effects, but practical models that appeal to women of good taste and refinement.

Sunshine Coats, Suits and Skirts are Absolutely Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction

Here's a thought for hundreds of men and women about to buy Shoes. Good shoes are plentiful. The right idea is to select the right shoe store and get not only good shoes, but right shoes at the right price. Exclusive Agents for Walk-Over, Ralston and Reed's Shoes at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4 and \$4.50. You not only save money but you secure right shoes.

Emil Kraus

Grayling's Leading Store

STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling in said County, on the twenty-seventh day of October, A. D., 1914.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Fred Bloom, deceased.

W. S. Brown having filed in said court his final administration account, and his petition praying for the allowance thereof and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered that the 23rd day of November, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WILLINGTON BATTERSON,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.
WILLINGTON BATTERSON,
Judge of Probate. 10-29-3

FRANK DREESE

A few weeks ago I anticipated a cold wave and now Jack Frost is again knocking at your door. Last Saturday this store was busy, very busy. Monday was a blinger. This store is packed and overflowing with bargains that make the movies smile. New goods, style plus goods. Prices that rule supreme. The mackinaw and coat trade has been phenomenal, weather considered. Don't miss the house of bargains. Bargains in

Men's Full Suits from \$5.95 to \$17

Ladies' Cloaks \$9 to \$18

Men's Heavy Mackinaws \$5 to \$10

and Hundreds of Bargains I have not time to mention

I have taken not only few but many measures of men's suits. Harry Mitchell line of \$18.00 suits. The M. D. Schmidt 3-piece proposition. Can't be beat for style and fit. Last but not least, The Royal Tailors. Something doing all the time in this line. Style plus workmanship and fit makes it attractive to the trade and hard to get away from.

Ladies', Misses', Children's and Men's Rubbers
Well, come and see for yourselves

FRANK DREESE

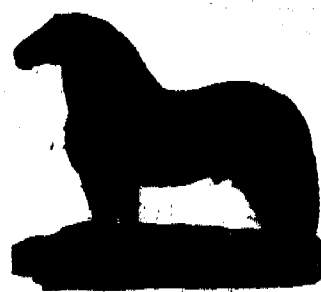
LIVERY & SALES STABLES

Prompt livery service ready at any time. Also heavy work.

Farms and farm lands and village property for sale.

N. P. OLSON Grayling

Langevin's Old Stand.



Rubber Stamps....

You can improve your working efficiency in your office by using Rubber Stamps.

We have anything you may want.

GEN. FRENCH REPORTS ON DESPERATE FIGHTING IN BATTLE OF THE AISNE

London.—The official press bureau issued long reports from Field Marshal Sir John French detailing the operations of the British expeditionary force in France and their progress from August 22 to October 18.

This covers the retirement of the British from Mons southward to the Sambre and the advance back to the River Aisne and the first stage of the desperate encounters along the line of that river. It was September 5 when the allies took the offensive.

The report contained this startling information:

"It is a fact that between September 13 and October 5 the total of killed, wounded and missing among the British expeditionary force has reached 561 officers and 12,880 men, proving the severity of the struggle in which our troops have been engaged."

Following is the statement issued by the press bureau:

Sir John French's first report, dated September 17 says:

"In spite of very determined resistance on the part of the enemy, who is holding in strength and with great tenacity a position peculiarly favorable to defense, the battle which commenced on the evening of September 13 has so far forced the enemy back from his first position, secured passage of the river, and inflicted great loss upon him, including the capture of over 2,000 prisoners and several guns."

The dispatch gives details of the retreat on August 23 and 24. General Gough and Chetwode, with the Third and Fifth Cavalry brigades, covered the retreat, repulsing the Germans with great loss.

German Pursuit Vigorous.

"The pursuit by the enemy," continues the report, "was very vigorous. Some five or six German corps were on the Somme facing the fifth army; on the Oise at least two corps were advancing toward my front and were crossing the Somme east and west of Ham; three or four more German corps were opposing the Sixth French army on my left."

"On September 5 General Joffre decided to take the offensive, as he considered conditions very favorable to success."

Field Marshal French believes that about noon on the 6th the enemy realized that a powerful threat was being made against the flank of his columns moving south and east and began the great retreat which opened the battle.

This battle, so far as the Sixth French army, the British army and the Fifth and Ninth French armies were concerned, was concluded on the evening of September 10, when the Germans had been driven to the Soissons-Reims line, with the loss of thousands of prisoners, many guns and enormous masses of transport.

On the 8th both the First and Second army corps made large captures and took some guns. On the 9th after forcing the passage of the Aisne, they inflicted a heavy loss in killed and wounded on the Germans, while the Second division took some hundreds of prisoners and a battery of eight machine guns.

Field Marshal French's second report, dated October 8, concerns the operations of the British forces since the evening of September 10. It reads: "Early in the morning of the 11th three corps crossed the Ourcq, further pursuit of the enemy being practically unopposed, the cavalry reaching the line of the Aisne, two brigades south of Soissons and three brigades at Couvillers and Carville, on the afternoon of September 12."

Battle of Aisne Opens.

"The Fifth division approached Missy, but was unable to make headway. The west army corps reached the neighborhood of Vauxevre without much opposition. In this manner the battle of the Aisne commenced."

"The position of the enemy was very strong either for delaying action or for defensive battle."

"On the morning of the 13th I ordered the British forces to advance and make the passage of the Aisne. The first corps and cavalry advanced on the river. The first division was directed on Chanouville, via the canal bridge at Bigny."

"The nightfall the first division occupied the area around Moulin, Passa and Geny. The Second division bivouacked on the southern bank of the river, leaving only the Fifth brigade on the north bank to establish a bridge head."

Checked by Artillery.

"In the approach to Missy, where the Fifth division eventually crossed, there is some open ground, which was swept by artillery fire from the opposite bank. The Thirteenth brigade, therefore, was unable to advance, but the Fourteenth, directed to a less exposed point, was rafted over, and at night established itself on the left of Sainte Marguerite, where later, with the Fifteenth brigade supported by the Fourth division on their left, it succeeded in repelling heavy counter-attacks on the Third corps."

"On the morning of the 13th the Third corps found the enemy established in strength on Vregny plateau. The Twelfth infantry crossed at Venisel, but the bridge was so damaged that the artillery could only be man-handled across it. Meanwhile the construction of a bridge began close to the road bridge at Venisel."

"At 2 p. m. an infantry attack in the direction of Chivres and Vregny had

made good progress, but at 5:30 p. m. the enemy's artillery and machine gun fire from the direction of Vregny became so severe that no further progress could be made. The positions reached were held until dark."

"The Third corps made an attempt to throw a heavy pontoon across the river late in the afternoon, but gave up because of the heavy howitzer fire of the enemy."

"In the evening the enemy retired at all points and entrenched himself on high ground about two miles north of the river, along which runs the Chemin des Dames."

Build Pontons Under Fire.

"During the night of the 13th and on the 14th, and following days field companies incessantly worked night and day, throwing eight pontoons and one foot bridge across the river under a generally heavy artillery fire, which was incessantly kept up on most of the crossings after their completion."

"The action of the First corps on this day under the direction and command of Sir Douglas Haig was of so skillful, bold and decisive a character that he gained positions which alone would have enabled me to maintain my position for more than three weeks of very severe fighting on the north bank of the river."

About 1 p. m. the enemy obtained a footing between the First and Second corps and threatened to cut the communications of the latter. General Haig was hard pressed and had no reserve in hand. I placed a cavalry division at his disposal, part of which he skillfully used to prolong and secure the left flank of the Guards brigade. Some heavy fighting ensued, which resulted in the enemy being driven back with heavy loss."

General Advance Ordered.

"About four o'clock a weakening of the counter-attacks by the enemy and other indications tended to show that his resistance was decreasing, and a general advance was ordered by the army corps commander."

"Although meeting with considerable opposition and coming under very heavy artillery and rifle fire, the position of the corps at the end of the day's operations extended from the Chemin des Dames on the right through Chilly to La Cour de Seupry, with the First cavalry brigade extending to the Chavonne-Soissons road. On the right the corps was in close touch with the French Moroccan troops of the Eighteenth corps, which were entrenched in echelon to its right rear. During the night they entrenched this position."

"Throughout the battle of the Aisne this advanced and commanding position was maintained, and I cannot speak too highly of the valuable services rendered by Sir Douglas Haig and the army corps under his command."

"On the morning of the 15th I became convinced that the enemy was making a determined stand. Reports reached us from the French armies on my right and left clearly indicating that the enemy was occupying a strongly entrenched line along the whole Valley of the Aisne."

General Hamilton, with the Third division, attacked vigorously and regained the ground lost on the 14th. I was compelled to change my plan. I learned that further advance of the First corps would have dangerously exposed my right flank; and further also learned from the French commander-in-chief that he was strongly re-enforcing the Sixth French army corps on my left, with the intention of bringing up the allied left to attack the enemy's flank and thus compel his retirement."

"On the 17th, 18th and 19th the whole of our line was heavily bombarded. The First corps was constantly engaged. The enemy was ultimately driven back with heavy loss."

"On the 18th information reached me that General Joffre had determined to attack and envelop the German right flank."

Night Attack Repulsed.

"On the evening of the 19th the enemy became active. After dark he continued his attack on the Second division, only to be driven back. Our losses in these two days were considerable, but the enemy's, as obtained, vastly exceeded them."

"On the night of the 21st another violent attack was repulsed by the Third division, the enemy losing heavily. On the 23d four-inch howitzer batteries from home arrived. They were brought into action on the 24th with very good results."

"On the 24th the action of General de Castelnau's army on the allied left developed considerably and withdrew considerable forces of the enemy from the center and the east. Until the 26th it appeared as though the enemy's position in our front was weakening."

"On that day, however, a marked renewal of activity commenced."

"Renewed counter-attacks were delivered and beaten off during the day, and in the afternoon a well-timed attack by the First division stopped the enemy's entrenching."

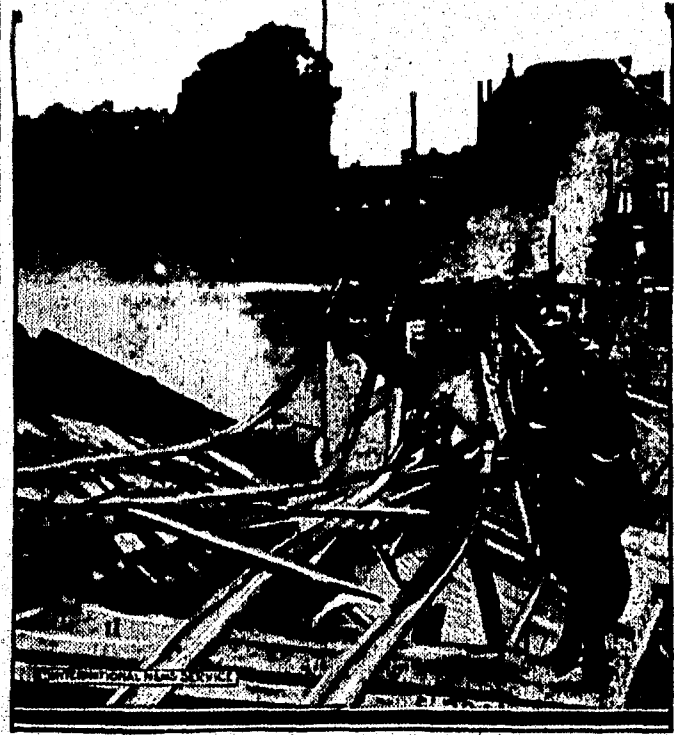
"During the night of the 27th and 28th the enemy again made determined attempts to capture the trenches of the First division, but without success."

"Futile attempts were made all along our front up to the evening of the 28th, when they died away and have not since been renewed."

and to all other persons holding corresponding positions in his Majesty's service about for distinguished conduct in war in cases where the award of conspicuous gallantry medals would not be applicable.

"His Majesty has further approved of an award of the conspicuous service cross, to be designated in the future as the distinguished service cross, to all officers below the rank of lieutenant commander in addition to the officers previously eligible for this decoration."

HAMPERING THE GERMAN OPERATIONS



This is the way the Belgians destroyed the railway which was the German line of communication between the army in France and Brussels.

GERMANS CLAIM STEADY ADVANCE

Enveloping Campaign of the Allies Stopped—Paris Admits Retirement.

ENEMY CROSSES THE YSER

Fresh Troops of the Kaiser Turn What Looked Like Defeat Into a Victory—British Fleet Shells Ostend—Russians Claim Success on the East Prussian Frontier—General News of the War Gathered by Special Correspondents.

Berlin, Oct. 26.—The end of the twelfth week of the war was signaled, according to German official accounts, by the final stemming of the enveloping campaign which the allies for a month have directed against the German right wing.

The Germans have begun slowly but definitely to push southward, it is declared here.

Comment on French Bulletin.

The following comment on the French official statement was given to the newspapers:

"The tone of the French official war bulletin of last evening was rather depressed and caused a panic in Paris. It admits a retreat between the sea and Canal La Bassée and mentions the impetuosity of the German attacks near Arras and Somme."

"The night bulletin aggravates the pessimistic impression. It repeats that there have been French defeats on the north wing. In order to attenuate the impression, an official note was issued two hours later, saying that the battle front has shifted 300 kilometers northward, and, therefore, patience always was needed."

Fresh Troops Change Situation.

At the Battlefront, via Paris, Oct. 26.—The Germans advancing toward the coast have broken the allies' line of defense in the battle of Flanders, and a large force of the invaders has effected a crossing of the Yser canal between Nieuport and Dixmude, directly east of Dunkirk.

The force is believed to be part of the 400,000 troops rushed to the front by the Germans from the garrisoned positions at the rear of the fighting line. They are reported to have arrived just in time to turn the retreat which the French war office claimed Saturday into a victory. Both the French and German official statements tell of the advance of the Germans across the Yser and describe the battle which preceded it as a furious one.

British Fleet Shells Ostend.

Bombardment of Ostend by the British vessels, which are no longer required to aid the left flank of the Belgian line resting on the coast, was begun in earnest. Their target was the German batteries about Ostend, but one of six shells which fell short of the range struck the Hotel Majestic, where the German staff was dining, according to a dispatch to the Amsterdam Telegram. Several other buildings were damaged.

Recapture of Ostend by the allies is imminent, as the advance column of Belgians, relieved of the pressure against it by the change of the German front in the direction of Dixmude, is reported to have made remarkable progress. It is now ready to strike at the remaining German forces at Ostend in the rear while the British ships are bombarding from the sea.

Submarine Attacks Allies.

Submarine attacks on the British and French ships operating between Nieuport and Ostend are incessant. The attack was followed by the discovery of the German submarines' presence within striking distance of a

British cruiser by a British aeroplane, which dropped a projectile near the point where the submarine's periscope had cut the surface of the water.

The attack is being centered upon Dixmude, well to the south of the coast line, to escape the long range guns of Admiral Hood's flotilla of British monitors and the squadron of British and French battleships operating on the coast and in the channels of the Yser canal.

German Cross Yser River.

The Germans in a furious counter-attack directed against the positions of the Belgian troops along the Yser succeeded in crossing the river between Dixmude and Nieuport, forcing the Belgians to retire.

Offsetting this advantage gained by the enemy in the battle, which admittedly is of the greatest importance of any thus far in the war, the French troops in the Woerze region gained a signal success by securing control of one of the enemy's lines of communication toward St. Mihiel.

Battle Still on at Lille.

About Lille the battle continued with undiminished fury.

An artillery duel of vast proportions and great significance is being fought to the northwest of Soissons and upon the heights in the region of Craonne. In the Argonne the allies' positions are being maintained with unquestioned success.

Three German batteries were destroyed during the fighting on the upper Meuse.

Fearful slaughter of the Germans in the Argonne region during last week was recorded in a letter from a French officer published here. The letter reads:

"One infantry regiment and a battalion of chasseurs was strongly entrenched with the mission of holding on important strategic highway. At midday four German columns, numbering 15,000 men, stormed the trenches with the bayonet."

"Their total losses were placed at a minimum of 10,000."

The Germans, in a mighty effort to gain victory, continue rushing up all the reinforcements that can be spared to the northern battle line.

The casualties in the Belgian army during its gallant fighting about Dixmude have been heavy, but the spirit of the troops is wonderful.

Belfort in Peril.

Copenhagen, Oct. 26.—Dispatches received here from Berlin say it is rumored there that the German attack on Belfort is succeeding and that the southern forts have surrendered.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The French have recaptured Altkirch, upper Alsace, at the point of the bayonet.

Altkirch has been taken and retaken several times by the opposing forces since the war began. The last report said the French were in possession. Apparently the Germans have held the city for some time without making the fact known and the foregoing dispatch indicates a new victory for the French.

Two French Forts Taken.

The German attack on Belfort, by which route it is hoped to hurl the Kaiser's armies again toward Paris, is proceeding. Two French forts to the south of the main fortress have capitulated to the Germans, the garrisons withdrawing to the greater stronghold. The development at Belfort, coming

close upon successful operations at Verdun and the holding of St. Mihiel against tremendous odds, is believed here to preface the final breaking of the republic's line of defenses.

French gunners destroyed three German batteries in an artillery engagement of huge proportions north of the Aisne.

The ferocity of the encounters where the British and French have come in contact with the invaders around Arras (La Bassée and Armentières), incident to the allied armies' advance upon Lille, is unparalleled in the history of war. The carnage has been frightful.

The next result of the day's fighting in this region has been gains at considerable cost for the allies at points to the east of Armentières, while about La Bassée the French and British have been forced to retreat at some places in the face of the desperate assaults directed by the Germans. The gains by one side have been offset by those of the other and the effect on the situation has been insignificant.

Belgians on Offensive.

The Germans, heavily supported by their mammoth howitzers, are still on the offensive against the Belgians, led by their king and supported by French troops, with British and French war vessels on the sea, and British monitors in the canal, lending the aid of their long range gun fire, while air scouts direct their range.

The battle has resolved itself into a duel of big guns. The allies, by reason of their long range guns, have had the advantage up to now.

Although pushed back at several points, the Kaiser's forces appear to be holding their line between the sea and La Bassée, the extent of the front in this distinct engagement.

German Point of View.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The German embassy announced receipt of the following official wireless from Berlin: "Official headquarters report of October 22 says fighting on the Yser canal is continuing, that eleven British war vessels are supporting the hostile artillery, and that the enemy was repulsed east of Dixmude. Our troops also have successfully advanced in the direction of Ypres."

"There is stubborn fighting west and northwest of Lille. The enemy slowly retreated along the whole front. The fierce attacks from the direction of Toul against the heights south of Thiaucourt were repulsed under heaviest losses for the French."

Russ Announce Victory.

Petrograd, Oct. 26.—Minister of War Soukhomlinoff in a statement sums up the situation in the following language:

Between the East Prussian frontier and the River Niemen the Russian army has been successful in driving back the Germans into Prussia and in clearing the governments of Kovno, Suwalki, Lomsha and Ploks of the enemy.

On the left bank of the Vistula, toward Warsaw and the fortress of Ivangorod, commencing October 13 a series of battles with the Austro-German armies was fought which resulted on October 18 in complete victory for the Russians.

The enemy is retreating.

Heavy losses were sustained by the Prussian reserve guard corps. Large numbers of prisoners and war material have been captured. German and Austrian armies advancing on Warsaw and Ivangorod were repulsed and driven back to the line of Skiersniewice-Radom.

German General Killed.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—In the casualty list issued yesterday appeared the name of Major General Pochhammer, who was killed on October 4 while leading his troops in the forest of Argonne.

Honor for Undersea Chief.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—Captain Wedigen, commander of the German submarine U-9, which sank the British cruisers Hogue, Aboukir and Cresay in the North sea and has been active otherwise, has received the decoration of the Ordre Pour le Merite.

German Submarine Reaches Port.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—The German submarine U-9, which sank the British cruiser Hawke, returned safely to its home harbor at noon Friday. The survival of the vessel after a voyage during which it sent four British cruisers to the bottom already is known.

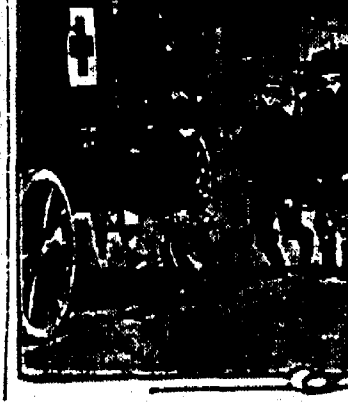
Sinks and Captures British Ships.

London, Oct. 22.—A Lloyd dispatch from Cochlin says that the British steamer Exford has been captured by the German cruiser Emden off the Malabar coast.

Another Lloyd dispatch reports the sinking of the British steamer Chilanka, Trollien, Nemmer and Cien Grant, as well as a dredger off the Colombo coast.

The German cruiser Emden has to her credit the sinking of 15 British steamers and the capture of three others vessels flying the union jack.

Belgian Ambulance Corps at the Front



once more is life's chief business, that war has claimed its own. A city of military tents covers half of the yard behind the castle. A battery dashes across the green, unhampered by field pieces, while away again. Cavalrymen are herding the sheep in King's park this morning instead of the park shepherds. A column of infantry swing into the winding road at the foot of Arthur's Seat, and, as you retreat uphill before it, scintillate all about the morning light on the hillside bar your way.

Yesterday you visited old Holyrood and its ruined chapel, trying to picture to yourself the days when battle was life's chief business, and the castle yards were thronged with men at arms. This morning you pass there again to discover that battle

Allies Destroy Fort Near Cattaro.

Rome, Oct. 22.—A Cattinje dispatch to the Messagero says that the British and French war fleets in the Adriatic have destroyed Castelnuovo fortress just outside of the gulf of Cattaro and north of the entrance. The Austrian fleet is reported to have taken refuge in the gulf of Cattaro, having lost a submarine and a torpedo-boat destroyer. An engagement between German torpedo boats and hostile submarines in the Baltic near Rugen's land, off the Prussian coast, is reported from Stockholm.

German Command Turkish Army.

Milan, Oct. 22.—The special correspondent in Constantinople of the Secolo telegraphs that to all intents and purposes Turkey has become a German colony. The grand vicer follows orders from Berlin. About six hundred German officers have arrived in Turkey since the war started and brought siege guns, field guns and ammunition with them. The German colonel, Weber Pasha, has taken command of the Dardanelles forts and big German guns are being mounted in them.

Say Lille Is Destroyed.

London, Oct. 22.—Lille, the principal city of northern France, practically has been destroyed by German cannon. The most beautiful buildings have been shot to pieces. Flames have laid waste the principal streets. The details of the bombardment were received from an eyewitness by a correspondent of the Daily Mail in the north of France.

Diet Grants Big War Credit.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—The Prussian diet met today and passed war bills, including one granting a credit of \$375,000,000.

Barges to Invade England.

Copenhagen, Oct. 25 (via London).—Two shipyards at Kiel—the Germania and the Howard—are building 30 armored lighters, capable of carrying 500 men each and traveling at the rate of nine miles an hour, to proceed to the River Scheldt should events permit the landing of German troops on the coast of England. Furthermore, it is asserted that three of these lighters are completed and already on their way to Scheldt. The Germans are building an airship shed in Schleswig for two large Zeppelins.

German Have Enough Soldiers.

Berlin, Oct. 24.—The general in command of the German Seventh army corps, it was stated officially in Berlin, has declared that the calling of the landsturm is unnecessary, as enormous numbers of the landwehr are still available. Nor has it yet been necessary to call out volunteers.

German Navy Preparing to Fight.

London, Oct. 25.—The German navy is preparing to come out from Kiel to fight the English fleet. Today reports were received in London that the Kaiser's scout cruisers have been sighted, operating from Heligoland, while from points on the Holland coast it is reported that all the crews have been recalled to the big warships anchored at Wilhelmshaven and the mouth of the Kiel canal.

Germans Would Invade Canada.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Germany's right to land troops in Canada, if possible, and thus secure at least a temporary foothold on the American continent was upheld today by Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador here, who declared this would not be a violation of the Monroe doctrine.

The ambassador suggested that, as Canada was sending soldiers to Europe to fight against his country, the United States should not consider it in any sense an infringement on the Monroe doctrine if Germany should land an armed force on Canadian soil.

German General Killed.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—In the casualty list issued yesterday appeared the name of Major General Pochhammer, who was killed on October 4 while leading his troops in the forest of Argonne.

Honor for Undersea Chief.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—Captain Wedigen, commander of the German submarine U-9, which sank the British cruisers Hogue, Aboukir and Cresay in the North sea and has been active otherwise, has received the decoration of the Ordre Pour le Merite.

German Submarine Reaches Port.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—The German submarine U-9, which sank the British cruiser Hawke, returned safely to its home harbor at noon Friday. The survival of the vessel after a voyage during which it sent four British cruisers to the bottom already is known.

Sinks and Captures British Ships.

London, Oct. 22.—A Lloyd dispatch from Cochlin says that the British steamer Exford has been captured by the German cruiser Emden off the Malabar coast.

Another Lloyd dispatch reports the sinking of the British steamer Chilanka, Trollien, Nemmer and Cien Grant, as well as a dredger off the Colombo coast.

The German cruiser Emden has to her credit the sinking of 15 British steamers and the capture of three others vessels flying the union jack.

Belgian Faces Famine.

Brussels.—Nearly 7,000,000 people in Belgium face famine unless they receive help from the outside at once.

The American minister to Belgium, Brand Whitlock, says that less than two weeks' supply of food remains in the cities while conditions in the country districts are even worse.

Mr. Whitlock has had on hand only peasants' black bread for two weeks and the supply of that is short. One hundred soup kitchens are feeding over 100,000 of the needy in Brussels. Families, formerly rich, are discharging their servants because they are bankrupt. Noblemen may be seen slipping into the soup kitchens.

BRIEF NEWS OF WAR

ASSASSINS OF ROYAL COUPLE ARE CONVICTED

German Siege Guns Brought Into Fighting Along Belgian Coast

NO DECISIVE RESULT IS CLAIMED BY EITHER SIDE

London Admits That Big Artillery Forced Ships to Withdraw From the Coast Temporarily.

Sarajevo.—To the accompaniment of the thunder and booming of the cannon of the combined Serbian-Montenegrin army, desperately trying to take the city in time to save them, the 24 persons accused of conspiracy in connection with the assassination of Archduke and Archduchess Francis Ferdinand were found guilty of high treason Monday.

German Guns on Belgian Coast.

London.—The Germans have brought their great siege guns into play in a new move to crush the allies' left wing and sweep along the Belgian coast into France.

Some of these guns have been in action at Nieuport since Sunday and were still bombarding that town Monday, having kept up their fire all night. The bombardment was severe, the Allies report, but gained the Germans nothing.

According to an official report from Berlin these big guns shelled the British warships off Nieuport on Sunday and drove them out to sea. Three of the vessels were hit, the report says.

Warships Expected to Return.

That the warships withdrew from Nieuport is admitted in London, but it is said that the move was made for strategic reasons. It is believed that the warships will return to the attack.

That Germany intends to use her big land guns in fighting the British warships all along the Belgian coast is indicated in dispatches from Amsterdam and other points telling of the moving of these heavy war machines to Ostend, Zeebrugge, Heyst and other coast towns. These guns have a range of six to nine miles, equal to that of some of the larger guns on warships.

Official reports from both Paris and Berlin indicate that fighting of a character more violent than any heretofore reported is now in progress from Nieuport, through Dixmude to Roulers, a total of 25 miles. South of this there is heavy fighting as far as Arras, but it is only secondary to the conflict on the coast.

As for results, there are none of a decisive nature; the Allies saying that they are holding their own and the Germans merely reporting that their attacks are "meeting with strong resistance."

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHWEST.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

SWEDEN.

A couple of years ago the Swedish riksdag resolved to stop the sale of liquor in the restaurants in the riksdag building. The result was that not only those who like to take a social glass, but even the "dry" legislators found the place too tedious, and the business went down as never before. The institution has been run at a loss, and the waitresses are no better off, for the "tips" are few and far between.

The members of the riksdag felt as bad over this matter that they made an appropriation covering the loss which amounted to almost four hundred dollars a month. Even the waitresses were remembered at the same time, and they received \$270 in lieu of the conventional "tips" which they had expected.

The minister of finance was recently called upon by a deputation from the cigarmakers' union. The deputation voiced the grievances of the cigarmakers, who are already feeling the effects of the decision of the riksdag to organize a tobacco monopoly. They wish to know to what extent the indemnity promised by the riksdag is to be paid. About one hundred and fifty cigarmakers have already been discharged, and they hold that the state ought to pay them an indemnity at once. The minister of finance listened attentively to the men and promised to answer their questions as soon as possible.

The government and the distillers have come to an agreement to the effect that the distillers shall produce only 10 per cent of the quantity which the law permits. It is estimated that between 400,000 and 500,000 barrels of potatoes will be used for this purpose. This is a comparatively small quantity, the potato crop of the country being estimated at \$2,000,000 barrels. The grain needed for starting fermentation is a negligible quantity. The reduction of the output will result in much higher prices of whiskey.

Those who have been planning the organization of a Swedish-American steamship line are still on the job. They have found a man who is willing to take the lead. The subscription of new stock is continued. The promoters were to organize a stock company, October 10, but no account of the meeting is at hand. About five hundred thousand dollars of the necessary capital stock of \$2,700,000 is still lacking, but this is not looked upon as an insurmountable difficulty.

The lingonberry crop in Smaland was large this year. It was feared that the prices would be abnormally low because the berries cannot be exported to Germany. But contrary to expectations the prices kept on rising as the season advanced, finally reaching a normal level. Many berry pickers have made good wages. The Bickhult district alone shipped out lingonberries for \$13,000.

Almost two months after the beginning of the war a steady stream of Russians was still pouring through Sweden from Germany. The number of Russian passengers on a single ferry would sometimes run as high as 900. It took two extra trains to carry this number from Malmo to Stockholm, where the fugitives embarked on steamers for Russia.

A dispatch from Copenhagen says the captain of the Swedish steamer Rima, from Gothenburg to Liebeck, reports rescuing from the sea two German airmen who had been in the water 14 hours.

The government has issued 542,000 one-krona (27 cents) bills as a swift way of supplying the country with small change. The new bills are popular and seem to stand a good deal of wear and tear.

The government has granted permission to the people of Tarna, Vesterbotten, to export products to Norway, even though it is forbidden to export them to foreign countries in general.

At the Erikshjarn nursery in St. Malin the biggest pears raised in Sweden were picked this fall. The record-breaking sample weighed a trifle over three pounds.

The post office department of Germany asked the Swedish government if letters from Russian captives of war in Germany could be sent across Sweden from Germany to Russia. The Swedish government cheerfully answered in the affirmative. According to an international agreement letters from captives of war may be sent without stamps.

Some Swedish papers make it a rule not to print news regarding the movements of warships for fear that it might be of benefit to the enemy.

Without any previous discussion the city council of Stockholm passed a measure for furnishing work for those who may lose their jobs in the near future. It will cost about one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars to complete the public improvements agreed upon by the city council.

The foreign trade of Sweden for the year 1913 aggregated about \$425,000,000, the imports exceeding the exports by about \$7,000,000. The increase, in comparison with the previous year, was about \$13,000,000.

DENMARK.

Efforts by Great Britain to induce Denmark and the Scandinavian countries to participate in the war against Germany are charged by German newspapers received here. The Deutsche Tageszeitung of Berlin says it is rumored that many hostile ships have been seen in the Skagerrack and the Kattegat, adding: "If these ships are British, it shows an intention to make a threatening demonstration against the Scandinavian states, particularly Denmark."

The two men who were running the dairy at Hammel went down into the well early one morning to repair the pump. When they had been absent an hour it was feared that something had happened to them, and the matter was investigated. Both of the men were found lying unconscious in the well. They were taken out as quickly as possible, and a doctor was called. But three hours after they went into the well they both died without having recovered consciousness. The explanation of the accident was easy enough: The unfortunate men inhaled poisonous gases.

A horse dealer named Kjaum, at Viborg, was called on by a German agent the other day who wanted to buy some horses. He picked out 30 animals that were to his liking and asked how much Mr. Kjaum wanted for them. Mr. Kjaum knew that horses are getting outrageously expensive in Europe on account of the war, so he said he thought \$8,000 would be a fair price. The agent simply counted out the money and took the horses.

The position of chaplain of the Jelsmark and Hune parish is vacant. The place was advertised, but at the expiration of the time for application it was found that absolutely no one wanted the place. The same place was advertised a year ago, and at that time there was one applicant. This certainly shows that clergymen are scarce in Denmark at the present time.

Rabbits and other game are plentiful in Denmark this fall. The merchants state that they have sold unusually large quantities of powder and shot. After a while it is expected that meat of this kind will be cheap, for the export of game cannot amount to much under the present conditions.

NORWAY.

The tax reports for South Bergenhus amt for the years 1906-10 have just been compiled and elaborated. Although they are not up to date, they are receiving much attention on account of certain facts which they bring out prominently. The farms in that part of the country were small, even before the war, but during the five years covered by the reports the number of individual holdings was increased by about 2,300. During the period it was not so difficult to buy property as before, but the prices were high. The prices increased most strikingly around Bergen and at Odda, which was no doubt due to the rapid industrial development of those places. The number of deals closed averaged about one thousand a year for the period, and the amount of money involved was about four million five hundred thousand dollars.

An old gentleman at Tuddal, Ole Olsen Bondal, is ninety-four years old. For many generations past his ancestors lived at Uppligard Bondal. He completed his military service in 1847. Ole is very active for his age. He played his soccer last summer, but complained that he got tired after using it a while. He shaves himself, reads his Christiania paper without using glasses, and is very much interested in the events of the day. He and his eighty-year-old wife stay with their son who, together with his sisters, does all he can to make the eve of the lives of the old folks as pleasant as possible.

Andreas Sjursen Kjaere and his wife, Jeanette, of Vite Flekke, recently celebrated their diamond wedding. The diamond bridegroom was born in 1823, his bride in 1830. They have lived at their present home all their lives. Andreas generally made a living as a farmer and fisherman, but he also followed the sea for some time, and served as a pilot. The old folks have had five children, of whom three are living; 15 grandchildren, and three great-grandchildren. Mr. Kjaere can still catch a nice string of fish for the table, and his wife tends to the house and makes regular trips to town.

The population of Christiania about a month ago was 255,241. There was a decrease of 32 for the month of August. This was the first decrease in ten years. It was feared that the unemployed would rush to the capital on account of the war panic, but the population has actually drifted in the opposite direction.

The whaling and hunting expeditions of Hammerfest have all come home and the returns for the season are known. There were 44,945 small seals, 947 big seals, 64 walrus, 45 dead and 6 live white bears, and 6,083 barrels of blubber. The catch was considered above the average. The expedition made use of 16 motor cutters, six steamboats and two sailing vessels. Four years ago there were 12 more vessels, but the reduction in number of craft is more than made up for by the greater efficiency and better equipment of the vessels.

Mrs. Helene Henriksen has been manager of the kitchen of the military school at Christiania for the past 40 years. At a token of appreciation of her able and faithful service the officers and cadets recently had a gathering at which the royal medal for meritorious deeds was handed to her, and from the officers and cadets themselves she received a silver bowl.

The king and queen have given \$135 to the "mush stations" which are operated for the benefit of the poor in Christiania.

FREIGHT CAR SERVICE

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT IN IMPORTANT MATTER.

Many Suggestions Have Been Made. Among Them That a "Clearing House" Might Help to Smooth Away Difficulties.

The subject of car shortage has for years interested railway officials, but as yet no general policy has been adopted. Every harvest season, and every season for the shipping of great quantities of winter fuel, finds the railroads more or less unprepared because of a scarcity of cars. This difficulty has led to many investigations and numerous recommendations. The late commerce commission, several years ago, endeavored to correct the demerits of the railroads, but some railroad men felt that thereby the situation was made more difficult.

J. R. Cavanaugh, an Indianapolis railroad man, recommends, in the Traffic World, the pooling of freight cars, that is that a freight car "clearing house" should be formed to take over all the freight cars in the country. Ownership would remain the same, but management would be centralized. The clearing association would operate under the rules of the American Railway association, would receive reports from every part of the country and would be enabled to act nationally instead of locally. The idea is to equalize car interchange. There are many thousands of cars idle in one place when they are needed in another. It would be the new association's purpose to remedy this condition.

The proposal is in line with ideas expressed by other railroad men. It is said that for at least two-thirds of the year 100,000 freight cars stand idle on the sidings. These represent an investment of perhaps \$150,000,000. The average daily journey of a freight car is estimated to be but twenty-five miles. Under the present complicated system of demurrage, it is declared that out of every nine days, a car is in actual transportation service only two days. The other seven days are taken up in loading, unloading or storage.

One investigator, writing in the Technical World Magazine last year, gave it as his opinion that there are too many freight cars—that is, too much capital is invested in this sort of equipment considering the returns. It is evident that the railroads lose millions of dollars annually, because of the lack of system in car handling. Perhaps this loss has something to do with the "hard times" which the railroads are experiencing.

Titanium-Steel Rails.

Titanium-steel rails for railways were first made experimentally seven years ago. The results then showed led to their manufacture by several steel companies, and about five years ago their manufacture was undertaken upon a commercial scale. Experiments on the New York Central have confirmed those made elsewhere in showing that these rails wear several times as long as those made of ordinary Bessemer steel. Titanium has a great affinity for nitrogen and this property makes it desirable for railway purposes.—Popular Electricity.

Railroad Porters' Complaint.

"Mister Porter" must be the form of address used by passengers on the Great Western and the London and Northwestern companies in the Warwick and Leamington district, when they address the railroad porters. The men are of opinion that they are not treated with proper respect by the officials of the company, and consequently have passed a resolution asking the union to agitate that they should be addressed as "Mister," similarly to the clerks, and not merely by their surnames.

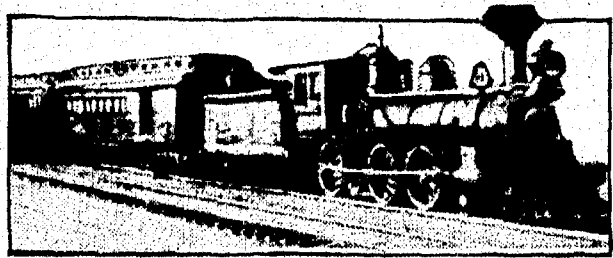
To Discover the Deserving.

The Canadian Pacific railroad has added to its staff a "scout," whose duty it will be to travel over the system and discover those employees who are especially worthy of advancement. Incidentally he will report those found wanting; but it is significant that his function primarily is not to make complaint, but to make doubly sure that the deserving are recognized.

A Veteran.

W. Hanley of Barby, near Selby, England, a signalman on the North-eastern railroad, has been forty years in one signal box, and has walked to and from his work a distance of 61,000 miles.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT-OWNED RAILROAD



Type of passenger equipment in use on the railroad built and operated by the United States government in Idaho. This railroad, which is 22 miles long, is employed in transporting passengers and freight between Barberton and the great irrigation dam under construction across the Boise canyon at Arrowrock. It is operated by the reclamation service as indicated by the initials "U. S. R. S." on the locomotive tender.—Popular Mechanics.

Detachable Rim Rings.

Difficult frequently is experienced when applying the rings on quick detachable rims. This is particularly true if the rings happen to be slightly sprung or bent, but the application may be greatly facilitated by observing a few simple hints. The first point to be observed is to have sufficient air in the tube to force the clinch of the tire into engagement with the rim as soon as the ring has been placed in the proper position. Then the projecting lag on the end

BUILT FOR MILITARY PURPOSE

Millions Poured Into Trans-Siberian Railroad Have Had a Very Definite Object.

There is a railroad from the North sea to the Japan sea. It was built by a nation to capture nations. It has failed of its purpose so far. The Trans-Siberian, all things considered, is the most gigantic railroad task that ever was performed. In money it will cost more than \$1,000,000,000. In lives, it has destroyed thousands. Its earnings are practically negligible. Yet, at this time, the Russians are laying double tracks on it from end to end. More over, they are building one branch of it that will reach from New York to Chicago and leave 300 miles for sidings, and that will cost more than \$150,000,000.

If that were only a railroad, it would be the greatest railroad mystery of the ages; but it is not only a railroad. It is like the army and the navy of Russia. It is a national expenditure for the conquest of Asia. Some day, no doubt, when the coffers of Russia are filled again with gold, the rest of the story of the Trans-Siberian will be written. Probably the men who are doing the dreaming will not live to see the writing.—C. M. Keys in the World's Works.

LIGHTS WARN DAY TRAINS

Simple System Which Eminent Signal Engineer Believes Will Be Found to Be Effective.

With the recent developments in lenses for signal purposes, according to Thomas S. Stevens, signal engineer for the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, it is now practicable for the different colors to be readily distinguished in daylight at a distance of 2,000 feet.

All the complicated mechanism necessary for the mechanical operation of signal arms are eliminated and replaced by simple electrical circuits which are far more efficient and economical to maintain.

In the majority of cases two 25-watt lamps are used behind an eight-inch lens. Indeed, it appears that the problem with this type of signaling is to provide a light signal sufficiently visible in bright sunlight which will not make the signal too prominent at night.

New Motor Plow.

An English firm is putting out a new plow that is propelled by a farm-horse power motor, that is much like the horse-drawn implement, and can be used successfully for any of the ordinary agricultural tasks, such as plowing, cultivating, sowing, skinning, hoeing and drilling. As it is only three feet high and two feet four inches wide, it can be used in places where horses cannot work, between fruit trees in orchards, in vineyards and hop gardens, and in rubber, tea and coffee plantations. Unlike other motor plows, it has only two driven road wheels, and the attendant who walks behind it runs the engine and guides the plow by means of star wheels. With one wheel running in a furrow, the plow virtually steers itself, and needs little attention except at the end of the furrow. The makers assert that the machine will do nearly twice as much work a day as a horse-drawn plow, at about one-half the cost an acre. The correctness of the assertion naturally depends somewhat upon the nature of the land on which the machine is set to work.

Public Too Careless.

People are incredibly careless in regard to crossing railroad tracks. A statistical study of accidents states that out of 32,079 cases only 258 persons in vehicles or on foot fully obeyed the "Stop, Look and Listen" sign, or waited for the watchman's signal before crossing the tracks; 3,776 persons looked both ways, but neither listened nor stopped. The "safety first" campaign is surely a timely one in the face of such conditions.

Electro Magnets on Steam Cranes.

An electro lifting magnet would frequently prove very serviceable for use with railroad wrecking cranes of the usual steam operated variety, but the necessary electric current is lacking. In such cases it has been suggested that a small turbo-generator could be easily fitted, and would be a valuable addition to the equipment.—Scientific American.

Travel on British Lines.

In the year 1913 the railroads of Great Britain carried 1,228,316,000 passengers. By far the greater number of these (933,498,000) traveled in third class. The number of season ticket holders is estimated at 595,000.

Fundamental Principles of Health

By ALBERT S. GRAY, M.D.

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FOOD AND DELINQUENTS.

Under a recent date an Associated Press dispatch credits Charles C. D. Hillis, formerly private secretary to President Taft, now president of the New York Juvenile asylum in Dobbs Ferry, with the discovery that bad teeth make bad boys.

What is the cause of bad teeth in children under fifteen years of age? It is universally admitted that the fundamental cause of the early decay of children's teeth is anemia, a lack of sufficient building material during the growing period. Obviously a lack of brick and mortar will result in an imperfect building, and the same lack of material must result in an imperfect body.

Mr. Hillis is not the discoverer of this truth, but none the less he is entitled to great credit for recognizing and taking practical steps to combat a dangerous condition that many foreign governments are making strenuous efforts to overcome.

In the parliamentary debate on free meals, March 27, 1906, Sir William Anson, then British parliamentary secretary to the board of education, replying to Messrs. Kier Hardie and William Crookes, admitted that in the day industrial schools, where the children had three meals a day, he found them "bright and intelligent and being developed physically and mentally in a satisfactory way." Although the children lived at home the regular and wholesome supply of food was so potent a factor that "their condition was thoroughly satisfactory."

Wilson Bruce, following other witnesses before the Scottish commission in pointing out the startling superiority of industrial school children, added that if we fed and clothed the elementary school children as suitably we should "make a new race of them."

The commissioners noted this contrast between the ill-nourished elementary school children of respectable parents and well-developed industrial school children of those who have "altogether failed in their duty."

The countess of Warwick, writing in "A Nation's Youth," says: "What a fine moral have we here. Be a bad parent, or confess yourself unable to control your own children, and they will be attached to an industrial school, given three meals a day, largely at the expense of the ratepayers, and they will become bright and intelligent boys, developed physically and mentally in a satisfactory way."

This touches upon and brings sharply to the front the whole subject of sophisticated foods around which a commercial battle royal is at present raging in this country. In no field of knowledge is there so general a lack of personal information founded on experience as in the fundamental ones of food.

Eating has become an art which has to be learned by man, and unfortunately the subject is considered so unimportant that quite generally our foods are selected on the statement of persons whose only interest is in the profit to be derived from the manufacture and sale of the commodity, and then after the purchase in this slipshod manner it is too frequently turned over to some incompetent kitchen drudge to be prepared for eating.

In order that an intelligent choice of proper diet may be made it is absolutely necessary that we should possess a certain smattering of scientific knowledge. This does not consist in the memorizing of a few terms such as carbohydrates, proteins and fats, or calories and of balanced rations, but to have a thorough understanding of the real meaning of the closing paragraph of the fourth article of this series, which we here again repeat for emphasis: "The now prevailing standard of food values which measures the heat units produced from foods and completely ignores all other elements and factors is not only woefully inadequate in the light of modern science, but constitutes a grave menace to the health, to the morals, to the sanity and to the life of any people."

The chief reason for the improvement in inmates of well-governed asylums and industrial schools over the rate of development shown by children under home conditions undoubtedly lies in the fact that food matter is bought in bulk and largely

on the horse-food basis, that is to say, the whole grains are bought, cooked and served, rather than the more expensive refined processed matter. Of course we are assured by "experts" that the food is "improved" and made "more digestible" by the elaborate process through which it is passed, but any successful raiser of cattle, hogs, chickens, pigeons, dogs or cats can tell of disastrous results following the feeding of any of these animals for any material period of time on "refined" food matter. And humanity still waits the coming of some Moses to free it from the bondage of the observance of universal law to which all living things are subject.

WHITE FLOUR FOOD.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing; Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian spring. There shallow drafts intoxicate the brain, And drinking largely sobers us again."

A recent magazine article written by an "expert" on food matters misquotes the first line of the above and then gives particular point to the truth of the quotation by grossly misinterpreting a clean cut, scientific demonstration of a disease resulting from the use of sophisticated food matter.

The article in question reads as follows: "We are told about biochemical properties of wheat and as proof we are referred to the ravages of beri-beri from eating hulled rice. This is 'jugglery,' something on the order of the magician Kellar. To be specific, beri-beri is a disease that has no connection with the whole wheat and white flour question. It is as remote as it can be. Beri-beri is a form of nervous disease that has affected the natives of Asia, who live mainly on rice, and of late years the introduction of hulled rice has increased the disease. It has been found that when rice polish was used as food along with the rice the disease was lessened in intensity."

"From this it has been argued that the rice hulls contained nourishing substances which had been removed from the rice in polishing. This looked very plausible. From these facts it was argued that wheat bran must also contain nourishing substances and they should not be removed from the wheat in the manufacture of flour. Fortunately, however, the subject of beri-beri has been worked out scientifically, and Funk, of the Lister Institute, has shown that the disease is caused by some toxic action of rice protein."

"This should show the danger of being influenced by the exaggerated accounts of white bread and hulled rice starvation, statements which have no foundation in proved facts. White bread is safe food. Polished rice is safe food, as scientific investigation has proved."

The discerning reader will note that the matter in the body of the article contradicts the finding stated in the closing paragraph quoted. The whole truth is as follows:

Casimir Funk of the biochemical department, Lister Institute of Preventive Medicine, discovered that a substance could be recovered from the matter ground from the surface of rice in polishing it which known as polynitis, or beri-beri.

Underlying every happening in this universe is a law or principle, and the same principle will be found producing many widely separated results. The statement that beri-beri has no connection with whole wheat and white flour is not strictly true, because the same principle applies. Beri-beri is caused by a mineral starvation, and we know many diseases are caused by the mineral starvation resulting from the too free use of demineralized foods, including flour. The writer personally knows of large flocks of chickens being killed by feeding them on demineralized grain, and of dogs killed by feeding them on demineralized meat and white bread. Every physiologist of note states that the vitality of the individual cell depends on a free supply of mineral matter consisting of at least three elements. It would be reasonable then to expect some definite deleterious result from a diet composed largely of mineral-free matter, and the fact that all white bread eating peoples are greatly troubled with scurvy may be considered evidence to this belief. Further evidence that white bread is not healthful is given by Sherman, who states that washed bran fed to cows was found to be constipating, indicating that the laxative property of ordinary bran and whole wheat products is dependent not simply upon mechanical irritation.

It would be as logical to state that while you might break your neck falling off a thirty foot brick house, falling off a thirty foot frame house over in the next block is safe because it has no connection with the brick house. "It is as remote as it can be." That may be, but nevertheless, the chances of breaking your neck are equal, because the principles are identical.

The too free use of white flour, or of any other demineralized foodstuff, no matter whether it be demineralized by being processed or by stupid cooking methods, is detrimental to health.

Not for Him.

J. B. Regan, the noted New York hotel man, was telling, apropos of a champagne dispute, champagne stories.

"Mean men should never drink champagne," said Mr. Regan. "They can't enjoy it, you know. They think, with every swallow, 'there goes 35 cents.'"

"Once on the Mauretania a man asked me for a seasickness cure."

"Drink," I said to him, "a half bottle of champagne just before you feel the seasickness starting."

"Oh," he said with a worried look, "wouldn't ginger ale do just as well? Champagne seems such expensive stuff to—er—risk."

Rhodes Scholarship.

A feeling that the present system leads every so often to a loss of interest in the Rhodes scholarship plan is undoubtedly the dominant force behind the determination of the trustees to make a change in the method of choosing the scholars from this country. Hereafter there will be elections from two-thirds of the states

What Is Sin?

By REV. PARLEY E. ZIMMANN, D.D., Secretary of Canadian Unions, Ministry of Education, Ontario.

TEXT—The crown is fallen from our head; we unto us that we have sinned.—Lam. 5:18.



Sin is not a popular word in the modern vocabulary, nor a popular theme in many pulpits, for there are so many sinners in the modern congregation who object to the preacher dealing with things so near home. But let us consider four of the definitions which the Bible gives of sin; in the light of these may we see ourselves and seek him who knows the way out—"A God on a cross, that is all my theology."

1. All unrighteousness is sin. 1 John 5:17. This is the most comprehensive term, and in the Bible is placed in opposition to "truth." (Rom. 2:8.) God is true, and anything which departs one hair's breadth from that standard is unrighteousness, or sin. Therefore, in this definition we have to do with sin as a state of the soul, the original purpose of which was to be a visible reflection of the mind of God. Man was to glorify God in his body, soul and spirit, but, alas, what a failure there has been; and this failure is sin. Man has failed to hit the aim or object of his being. His body is sinful, his mind is diseased, his soul is warped by sin. "All have sinned and come short of the glory of God." Even our "righteousness is as filthy rags." In this sense sin is "any lack of conformity to the will of God."

2. Sin is the transgression of the law. (1 John 3:4.) From the state of the soul we pass to the overt act. In the days of the dispensation of conscience and before the giving of the law, sin was against the character of God. It was unrighteousness, or ungodliness, and not, strictly speaking, transgression; and yet, there was sin, because death came, which is the wages of sin, the result of Adam's sin, disobedience to a positive command. But when the law has come, when the commandment has been given, then sin passes from the unrighteousness to positive transgression. God has set down a line, and by deliberate choice man steps over the line—transgression—and becomes a sinner by commission—or "violation of the will of God."

"You say you do not sin, you are doing the best you can. Yes, but you have a very low idea of sin. Bring your crooked life, which seems so good to you, side by side with the straight line of God's sinless life and his holy law, and you must cry out, 'God be merciful to me the sinner.' You may look good to yourself, you may appear good to your neighbors, but in God's sight you belong to the wicked. Think of your many sins against God—lack of perfect love, some food is poor heart, neglect of Sabbath, hatred or angry feelings, lack of forgiveness or apology, misrepresentation, falsehood, deceit, slander, repeated refusal to obey some clear command of God—say, do you not need to cry out, 'Unclean, unclean!'"

3. To him that knoweth to do good and doeth it not, it is sin. (James 4:17.) Many a man defends himself because he is not an out-and-out sinner, he does not commit any flagrant crime, he is outwardly decent and moral. But what about God's estimate of you? "Man looketh on the outward appearance, but God looketh on the heart." Does that man have the love of God in his heart? Does he love the Word and prayer? Does he serve his fellows unselfishly? If not, and he knows all these things, he is a sinner. Refuse to use medicine when you are sick, and you will die, and that with-out the use of the knife or poison. When we sit alone with our consciences we find sins of omission to be a large item in the account against us.

4. Whosoever is not of faith is sin. (Rom. 14:23.) Here we enter the domain of questions of conscience, the things which may be right for others, but which would be sin in us; for there is a difference between things wrong in themselves and things wrong under certain circumstances. This question of conscience was raised in Paul's day about the eating of meat which had been offered to idols and afterwards offered for sale in the markets of the city. Paul says that every man is to give an account of himself unto God, and sets forth the principle that if anything seems to you to be sinful and wrong, then for you to do such a thing is sin in you. In this category must be placed questionable amusements, etc., and Paul says: "Let not your good be evil spoken of. . . . happy is he that condemneth not himself in that thing which he alloweth. And he that doubteth is condemned if he eat, because he eateth not of faith; for whatsoever is not of faith is sin."

Prayer.

O God, the father of our Lord Jesus Christ and our father, grant unto us the mind and the spirit of our master; give us the disposition to learn of him that in all things we may be like him; forgive our selfishness and bring us into intimate communion with thee so that we shall ever be generous in thought and word and deed; guide us in such a manner of life that our best gifts shall always be at the service of others and our chief joy be found in filling earth with the spirit of heaven; we ask it in the name of him who came not to be ministered unto, but to minister. Amen.

Crawford County Voters Read This

The Republican Party of Michigan—United, Harmonious, Progressive
INVITES YOUR ATTENTION TO SOME FACTS OF VITAL INTEREST FOR YOU TO CONSIDER

War Tax in Time of Peace

To the present Democratic Administration belongs the honor of having invented the idea of a WAR TAX in time of PROFOUND PEACE. Owing to the failure of their FREE TRADE POLICY to produce revenue enough to run the government and to donate \$28,000,000 to Columbia and Nicaragua, they now propose to put a "war tax" of 2 cents a gallon on gasoline. Not content with striking a death blow at Michigan's great sugar industry by putting sugar on the free list, they would now impose a tax on the automobile industry and make every person who uses an auto, a gasoline engine or even a gasoline stove pay a "War Tax."

Resolutions Adopted by Crawford County Republicans

At the Republican convention of the County of Crawford held Sept. 9th, 1914, the following resolution was presented: "Resolved, That we reaffirm our confidence in the Republican party, and their policies in the past, and promises for the future, believing the same if continued, will be for the best interest of all the people. We pledge our support of the State and National ticket, which shall be presented for our suffrage next November, and shall expect and hope for a return to a normal business condition, and a tariff system which will meet the needs of our whole people, as it has in the past, without requiring further special taxation to meet emergencies which may arrive."

O. PALMER,
O. P. SCHUMANN, Com.

George A. Loud, for Congress



Mr. Loud is one of the best informed and most capable men that Michigan has ever sent to Congress. His years of service on the "Foreign Relations" committee makes men of his ability in urgent demand during these times of international complications.

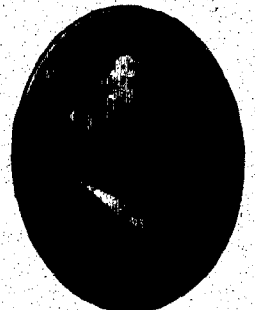
Our Nation needs Mr. Loud; Michigan needs him and the tenth district needs him. He has made the best congressman that the tenth district has ever had and merits our support and votes.

William H. Cody, for Sheriff

Mr. Cody is a property owner and is very popular among the people, and bids fair to receive a large plurality vote in the county. For more than a year he has been one of our deputy sheriffs, which office he has filled with credit to himself. He is a fearless officer, and claims that he will give Crawford county the best business service in this office that has been had in many years.

"It is my intention to put prisoners to work and thus reduce their cost to the county and also reduce petty crime."—WILLIAM H. CODY.

John J. Niederer, for Clerk



Those who have business transactions with the Clerk's office, at the court house, fully know that the affairs at that office are right up-to-date every minute. Mr. Niederer is a man who attends well to the small details as well as the larger ones. Every just request here is treated with courtesy and careful consideration.

Judge Nelson Sharpe says: "Mr. Niederer is the best county clerk in my entire judicial circuit."

Oscar Palmer

FOR

PROSECUTING

ATTORNEY

This seems to be a "Safety First" campaign and with no candidates will this term apply better than in the campaign for the office of Prosecuting Attorney. Oscar Palmer, is one of the cleanest and most broad minded citizens in the county. He has been a resident here nearly 35 years and is a property owner, and his interest in the welfare of Crawford county is known to almost every man, woman and child.

A conservative and able lawyer whose past faithful service should entitle him to an almost solid vote.



(X)

For Governor

☐ Chase S. Osborn

For Lieutenant Governor

☐ Luren D. Dickinson

For Secretary of State

☐ Coleman C. Vaughn

For State Treasurer

☐ John W. Haarer

For Auditor General

☐ Oramel B. Fuller

For Attorney General

☐ Grant Fellows

For Congress

☐ George A. Loud

For State Senator

☐ Louis L. Kelley

For State Legislature

☐ Harry H. Whiteley

For Sheriff

☐ William H. Cody

For Clerk

☐ John J. Niederer

For Treasurer

☐ Edward S. Houghton

For Register of Deeds

☐ Allen B. Failing

For Prosecuting Attorney

☐ Oscar Palmer

For Circuit Court Commissioner

☐ Oscar Palmer

For Surveyor

☐ Edward S. Houghton

For Coroners

☐ Stanley N. Insley

For Coroner

☐ Andrew Brown

Harry H. Whiteley Representative



Mr. Whiteley is one of Northeastern Michigan's boosters and hustlers. He was born in Gaylord and since his boyhood days has been associated with his father in the newspaper business, and at present is publisher of the Presque Isle County Advance. He served as page in the state legislature, and also private messenger to one of our governors.

Mr. Whiteley has the brains and the energy and is one who can ably hold his own in a debate. "The right man in the right place."

Edward S. Houghton Treasurer

Mr. Houghton was appointed to succeed John Hum as county treasurer last April, and has since proven himself a most careful and accurate accountant. His work in this office is kept right up to the minute and should entitle him to a large vote on November 3rd.

Allen B. Failing Register of Deeds



A vote for Allen B. Failing, Republican candidate for Register of Deeds, means a vote for continued and faithful service and correctness in this important county office. Your vote and influence respectfully solicited.

Louis L. Kelley For State Senator

Mr. Kelley is the present Senator from our district and his services during the last session were of the most satisfactory. He is a man who is always on the job and can be relied upon in every instance. He is in every way a broad minded and able senator.

It's Time to be Thinking About

STOVES

Are you going to begin the winter with that old heater that wastes as much fuel every month as it is worth?

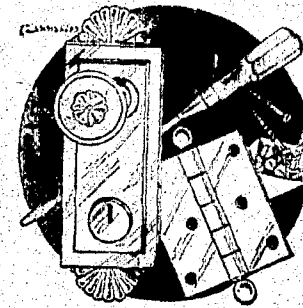
Don't Do It!

There is no economy in "getting along with what you have" if it is something that is silently stealing your money—and a poor stove does this so cleverly you may not have noticed it.

We are ready to serve you with warmth and comfort this winter with Stoves that have the test of time behind them.

Heaters from \$ 1.25 to \$55.00

Cook Stoves and Ranges \$ 8.50 to \$50.00



FIXTURES

are of all kinds. Some we like and some we don't. Mother-in-laws are "fixtured,"—how about them? There are other fixtures we like, for instance:

Locks, Screws, Hinges, and all Other Hardware that you have to have. To be lasting, buy them here.

Full Stock Hardware here is Complete and Rightly Priced. Estimates to builders.

SALLING, HANSON CO.

The Pioneer Store.

Established 1878.

Crawford Avalanche.

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Gaylord, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, OCT. 29

Amendments to be Voted Upon.

Are you, Mr. Voter, familiar with the amendments to be voted upon at the next general election, November 3rd? If you are informed regarding the merits and demerits of the four amendments you may count yourself with the comparative few voters who have such knowledge.

To print the entire lot of amendments would require more space than we would care to give, besides incur considerable expense. However, after reasonable consideration of the various amendments, we are glad to offer such views and ideas as we may have, and respectfully submit the following, trusting that it may be of assistance to some of our voters:

(The amendment to section ten of article ten, if adopted, will empower the state to issue bonds for the construction and permanent improvement of the public wagon roads.) If no provision is made in the amendment for a fair and proportional distribution of funds expended for road building, it will be well for the people of Northern Michigan to vote "No" on the amendment. It may be a good thing but neither we nor you, Mr. Voter, have any way of knowing. Therefore, we should take no chances in giving the state legislature any such power.

(The amendment to article eight if adopted, will give counties by appropriate legislation the right to issue bonds for the construction of drains and the development and improvement of agricultural land.) We are to infer that no bonds shall be issued unless by a vote of the people of the county. This, therefore, is a good provision for counties like ours, with thousands of unimproved acres to develop, to adopt.

(The effect of the proposed amendment to section one of article three, is to give students while in attendance at any institution of learning, or any member of the legislature while in attendance at any session of the legislature, or commercial travelers, the right to vote, although absent from the township, ward or state in which he resides.) This amendment should be adopted without question. Each year thousands of people in this state lose their vote because they are absent from home on election day, and many men go to much expense and inconvenience each year to reach their own voting precinct to vote upon important matters. This is one of the biggest flaws in our otherwise most excellent system of self government, and no voter should hesitate to vote "yes" on this amendment. (The effect of the proposed amend-

ment to article twelve is to change existing legislation, relative to fraternal beneficiary societies, and to alter the system of internal management of such organizations. It is designed to provide for a direct method of control of each association by the members thereof.)

All the fraternal societies in the states are up in arms against this amendment, claiming that its adoption will mean a death blow to every fraternal organization in the state. The claim is made that the old line insurance companies desire the adoption of the amendment. The proof seems conclusive. If you value your life insurance, the sick and accident features of your policy and the continuation of the fraternal life of your order, by all means, vote "No" on this amendment.

To the Voters of Crawford County.

To the voters of Crawford County: You are hereby notified that at the general election to be held in this State on Tuesday, the third day of November, 1914, the following officers are to be voted for in your county:

Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor General and Attorney General; Representative in Congress for the Tenth Congressional District, comprising the counties of Alcona, Arenac, Bay, Clare, Crawford, Gladwin, Iosco, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Ogemaw, Osceola, Oscoda and Roscommon; Senator for Twenty-eighth Senatorial District, comprising the counties of Alcona, Arenac, Clare, Crawford, Gladwin, Iosco, Ogemaw, Osceola, Oscoda, and Roscommon; Representative in the State Legislature for the Presque Isle Representative District, comprising the counties of Crawford, Montmorency, Oscoda, Otsego and Presque Isle.

HOMER G. BRIDGEMAN, Sheriff.

To the Voters of Crawford County.

To the Voters of Crawford County: You are hereby notified that an amendment to Section Ten of Article X of the Constitution of this State, relative to the issue of bonds for the construction and permanent improvement of the public wagon roads; an amendment to Article VIII of the Constitution of this State, to stand as Section Fifteen, relative to the issue of bonds for the construction of drains and the development and improvement of agricultural lands within the county; an amendment to section one of Article III of the Constitution of this State, relative to the right of students while in attendance at any institution of learning, members of the legislature while in attendance at any session of the legislature, or commercial travelers, to vote; also, an amendment to Article XII of the Constitution of this State, to be known as Section Ten, relative to the incorporation, regulation and supervision of fraternal beneficiary societies, with the power to issue death benefit certificates, shall be submitted to the qualified electors of your county on Tuesday, November third, nineteen hundred and fourteen.

HOMER G. BRIDGEMAN, Sheriff.

Your Vote for the above Candidates means a step for Republican Prosperity and Protection to Home Industries and Yourself

Marius Hanson

Chairman Republican County Committee

CASH TRADING BONDS

NOT PREMIUMS BUT

MONEY

Why You Should Ask For Cash Trading Bonds

Because—Cash Trading Bond Merchants are willing to refund a share of their profits to you in return for your patronage.

Because—Cash Trading Bond Merchants handle practically all lines of merchandise making it possible for you to effect a Saving on nearly every penny spent.

Because—Cash Trading Bond Merchants save you money without any work on your part.

Because—Cash Trading Bond Merchants open the way for a Bank Account for the boy or girl.

Because—Cash Trading Bonds teach thrift and promote a Saving habit.

Because—Cash Trading Bonds enable you to open a Bank Account or to add to your present Bank Account. The Saving on every penny spent with Cash Trading Bond Merchants is worthy of your consideration.

Cash Trading Bonds Are Issued by the Following Merchants

Wednesday Special

Double Value Cash Trading Bonds on all cash purchases of \$1.00 or more.

Grayling Mercantile Co.
The Quality Store

HOLLIDAY BAZAAR

GRAYLING

Will give with every cash purchase of one dollar or more, double value of Cash Trading Bonds.

J. A. HOLLIDAY

F. M. MILKS

MEATS

Double Cash Bonds on all orders of \$10.00 or more

Wednesday Special

DOUBLE VALUE CASH TRADING BONDS

on all our 40 Varieties of Heinz Pure Food Products.

Brink's Grocery
The home of good things to eat

SAVE

SAVE

Money Spent with CASH TRADING BOND MERCHANTS adds to Your Bank Account. Cash Trading Bonds are Redeemable in Money, ONE DOLLAR, (\$1.00) at

Bank of Grayling, Grayling, Mich.

Gay Life in the City.

It's about time to put the kibosh on all this talk about keeping the boys on the farm. Why should a boy or young man want to stay on a farm when he can go to the city, and, after tramping through the heat or cold, or rain, or snow for five or six weeks, land a fine, fat, easy, soft snap of a job as a motorman? Then all he will have to do will be to get up at about five p. m. winter and summer, swallow a boarding house breakfast that a hog on his father's farm would spurn, dash merrily to the car barn, take the abuse of a slave-driving car-starter, and go gallily to work. Ah, what pleasure to stand all day in a vestibule that is perfumed with the smells of the unwashed bodies of just-over immigrant laborers, on their way to work in a sewer! Think of the fragrance of all grades of tobacco in cigarettes, in cigars and in pipes of many degrees of strength! It is simply great to breathe this spicy air all day. In the meanwhile one hears the sweet compliments of the ladies and gentlemen who do not happen to think of signaling when they want to get off, but who rightfully feel that the motorman should have known, if he was not such a fat-headed lout, and who do not hesitate to tell him so. Oh yes, it's great. Every farmer boy ought to leave home at once and dash to the city. Think of the wages he'll get! Why at the end of the month, after paying for board, room, laundry, clothes and uniform, union dues and assessments, he'll have almost enough left to go to the movie show. But he probably won't go because he'll be so all-in and so full of the poisonous reek that he inhaled all day, that he will tumble into bed to forget it until the alarm clock calls him to begin all over again.

Just 'Fore Election.

Father calls me William, Sister calls me Will, Mother calls me Willie, but the fellows call me Bill. Mighty glad I'm in the swim—For an office running, Want a chance to show the world I'm a straight shot and I'm gunning. Love to go to caucus in an auto new and fast; Hate to hear the nasty tales they rake up from my past. Most all the time the whole year round there ain't no flies on me. But just 'fore election I'm as good as I kin be. Got a friend named Johnny Jones, Who tells me right out flat, That the first thing I know I won't know where I'm at. Got a new red auto, and when us boys go out to ride. We meet a farmer's wagon and then we all collide. And sometimes when the paper man gets excited and mad, He reaches at me with his ink and makes me feel right mad. But then I laugh and holler: "Oh that was never me!" And just 'fore election I'm as good as I kin be. Paw says he hopes I'll be most badly beaten; To fish for votes with bum cigars, It surely is a cheatin'. He's boosting for the candidate that lives at Hadger Creek. He says he talks so very nice, He surely is a brick. But my paw he has never been to the politician show, Or read the lives of well known men Or else I guess he'd know That soft soap and stogies Will do the work for me. If just 'fore election I'm as good as I kin be.—Contributed.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known E. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all his business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Adv.

Foul Air vs. Pure Air.

Foul air Overpowers the sturdiest Underwrites death Loosens your hold on life Annihilates health and happiness Is no respecter of persons Reduces earning power. Pure air Upbuilds resistance to disease Reddens blood, quickens steps. Energizes body and mind. Accentuates the worth of living Insures long life Rout's pneumonia and tuberculosis. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. "I advised the 'boys' when they enlisted for the Spanish war to take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with them, and have received many thanks for the advice given," writes J. H. Houghland, Eldon, Iowa. "No person, whether traveling or at home should be without this great remedy." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

How to Gain Admittance to the State Tuberculosis Sanatorium.

1st. Send for application blank, have it filled out and mailed to the superintendent of the sanatorium, Howell. 2nd. Notice of your acceptance or rejection is sent to you at once, stating the time you can very likely be admitted. 3rd. If you are unable to pay your own expenses, have the superintendent of the poor sign the county certificate with the judge of probate, and bring it with you. This covers the expense of your care here. 4th. If you pay your own expense, the charge is \$1.00 per day. The treatment is the same for all. Eligible applicants are admitted without delay at present.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

Lois T. Webster, Complainant, vs. Van R. Elliott, John B. McLeod and E. E. Wightman, Defendants. 34th Judicial Circuit, In Chancery. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford. In Chancery at Grayling village on the sixth day of October, A. D. 1914.

In this cause, it appearing by the return of the Sheriff of said County to the Subpoena issued herein and by the affidavits of Lois T. Webster, said complainant and Geo. L. Alexander, her Solicitor herein, that a subpoena to appear and answer has been duly issued in this cause but could not be served upon said defendants, John B. McLeod and E. E. Wightman or upon either of them, for the reason that said defendants, McLeod and Wightman, or either of them are not residents of this State and that it can not be ascertained in what state or country said defendants, McLeod and Wightman or either of them now reside.

On motion of Geo. L. Alexander, Esq., solicitor for complainant, it is ordered that the appearance of the said defendants John B. McLeod and E. E. Wightman be entered in this cause within five months from the date of this order; and that in case of their failure to appear, the appearance of either of them, they or the one appearing, cause their or his answer to the bill of complaint to be filed and a copy thereof served upon the solicitor for the complainant within fifteen days after service upon him or them or his or their solicitor of a copy of said bill, and in default thereof that said bill be taken as confessed by the said defendants, John B. McLeod and E. E. Wightman.

And it is further ordered, that the said complainant cause this order to be published in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that such publication be commenced within twenty days from the date of this order, and that such publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that the said complainant cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendants John B. McLeod and E. E. Wightman at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for their appearance.

OSCAR PALMER, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Crawford County, Michigan. GEO. L. ALEXANDER, Complainant's Solicitor. 10-8-7.

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling in said county, on the 14th day of October, A. D. 1914.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Theodore M. Odell, deceased. Eunice Odell having filed her petition praying that an instrument filed in said Court be admitted to Probate as the last will and testament of said deceased and that administration of said estate be granted to said Eunice Odell or some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 17th day of November, A. D. 1914, at ten A. M., at said probate office is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy hereof for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTEPERSON, Judge of Probate. A true copy. WELLINGTON BATTEPERSON, Judge of Probate. 10-15-3w.

Notice: If it is first class work in painting, decorating or paper hanging let Conrad Sorenson do your work. All work guaranteed. Artistic wall paper for sale; all the latest effects. tf.

DRIVING TEAM FOR SALE

If you are interested in the purchase of a Driving Team, you will do well to see me. I have for sale one of the best driving teams in Crawford county and will sell at a bargain if taken soon. Will sell team complete with buggy and harness.

L. A. Gardner

PHONE 191
Frederic, Michigan

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

(COMPOUND) For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed. Send Free Sample of Oil to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 146 William St., New York.

Sick Animals

The treatment of diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, is given in Dr. Humphreys' Veterinary Manual, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Manual, 146 William St., New York.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

Newton B. Goodar

Candidate For
SHERIFF
Democratic Ticket

Your Vote and Influence
Will be Appreciated
Crawford County
Resident and Taxpayer of Crawford County
14 Years

JOHN F. FLOETER

Candidate For
Register of Deeds
Democratic Ticket

Your Vote and Influence
Will Be Appreciated
Crawford County
Resident and Taxpayer of Crawford County
14 YEARS

CORRECTION



Christopher R. King

Progressive Candidate for
CLERK
Crawford County

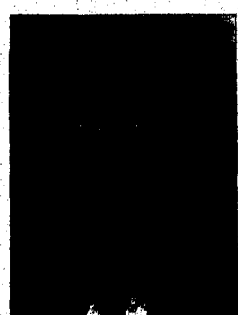
Respectfully solicits your support at the General Election November 3.

The Editor of Crawford County Avalanche, Sir:

It is being currently reported by my political opponents that I have no desire to be elected on Nov. 3, 1914, as Sheriff of Crawford county, for which office I received the nomination at the late Primary Election. I desire to say to the electors of this county that the foregoing report is not correct, but that I am in the race for this office until the last vote is counted, firmly relying on the votes of all political parties to secure the same, and if elected I will promise to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of said office without favor or affection.

FRANK MAY

CANDIDATE FOR
SHERIFF
on the Progressive Ticket



RALPH HANNA

Progressive Candidate for
Register of Deeds
Crawford County

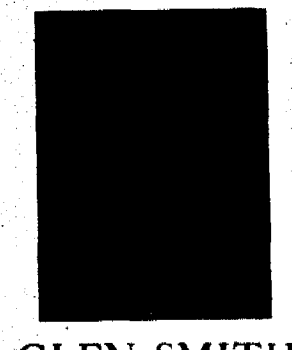
Your Support and Influence Solicited

FLORIDA

TRAVEL ON THE MAGNIFICENT
SOUTH ATLANTIC LIMITED
Solid Through Electric Lighted Train to Jacksonville over the LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Long Island Winter Tourist Tickets on sale daily. Short Haul Homeseekers' Tickets on sale first and third Tuesday of each month. Write for further particulars, or illustrated folders of Florida or the beautiful Gulf Coast resorts.

F. E. WEISS, T. P. A., 1025 Majestic Building, DETROIT, MICH.



GLEN SMITH

Democratic Candidate for
Prosecuting Attorney
Crawford County

Respectfully solicits your support at the General Election November 3.



William H. Moshier

Progressive Candidate for
TREASURER
Crawford County

Respectfully solicits your support at the General Election November 3.

Prudent Buyers Read the Avalanche Advs.

Buy Toilet Articles Here!



People get tired of buying brushes that wear out in a few months, of buying combs that break easily, of buying toilet specialties that don't give satisfaction or last. You know how it is yourself. That's why we long ago determined to stock up in toilet articles only on high grade goods, and we don't let any smart salesman talk us into buying the cheap wearing kind. Prices will interest you.

Hand Brushes, Face Brushes, Co th Brushes, Bath Brushes, Hair Brushes

A. M. LEWIS.
THE BUSY DRUGGIST

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, OCT. 29

Local News

Order your hard coal of Salling, Hanson Co.

S. B. Carper of Buda, Illinois, was in the city last week on business.

L. W. Collins of Grand Rapids was a guest of Miss Lillian Bates over Sunday last.

Ray Dietrich and Ralph Johnson of Roscommon visited friends here Thursday last.

Mrs. George Bekanger with her two children are visiting her mother and sister in Bay City.

George Langevin of Lansing was in the city the latter part of the week visiting with friends.

For First Class Livery and Heavy Work call: Peter Jorgenson, Phone 853. Open day and night.

Mrs. Paul Ziebell and daughter, Helen returned home from Port Hope last Monday after a ten days' visit.

Miss Hetty Balhoff came home from Bay City last Thursday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Balhoff.

The Catholic ladies will hold their annual chicken pie supper, Wednesday, November 11th, at the opera house. Price 25c.

Mrs. John Sauva and children arrived from Bay City last Thursday and are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tetu.

Now is the time to order your winter supply of hard coal. Your order placed now will assure you delivery in proper season. Salling, Hanson Co.

Word was received here Monday that a fine baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Jerome of Grand Rapids, that morning. Congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Phelps, Sr., and little son left Sunday for a vacation trip to New York, Philadelphia and Washington, D. C. They expect to be away about two or three weeks.

Paul Ziebell and Andy Larson, who attended the I. O. O. F. convention at Flint last week Tuesday, returned home Friday and Saturday respectively and report a very successful meeting. They went as delegates from the local lodge.

The Stunt club were entertained at the home of Miss Edna McCullough last Thursday evening. The evening was spent in planning a Halloween party to be given at the home of Miss Myrtle Case at Portage Lake this evening. A very delicious luncheon was served to the members before they departed for their homes.

A nice front porch has prevented many an old maid.

Fire insurance is too cheap to be without. Why are you so negligent?

Geo. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Trombley nee May Smith spent part of last week visiting relatives and friends in Bay City.

Mrs. W. F. Brink will entertain the Ladies Aid society Friday afternoon, November 6. Everybody cordially invited to come.

John LaMonte of the South side is suffering from blood poisoning in both hands, caused by using a jack-knife with which to extract slivers of wood.

The annual chicken pie supper, under the auspices of the Catholic ladies, will be held at the opera house, Wednesday, Nov. 11th. Don't miss it. Mrs. J. C. Foreman and daughter, Miss Marie, left for Grand Rapids Tuesday afternoon, being called there by the illness of Mrs. Foreman's mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Lou Richardson returned to their home in Marion last week after a few weeks' stay here at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Cameron Game.

Miss Minna Kraus has accepted a position at Watertown, Illinois, to teach dietetics in the State hospital in that city. She expects to leave next Monday.

There will be a boiled dinner given at the G. A. R. hall Saturday, Nov. 7th, under the auspices of the Grange. Everyone is cordially invited to come. The price is 25c.

Notice. If it is first class work in painting, decorating or paper hanging let Conrad Sorenson do your work. All work guaranteed. Artistic wall paper for sale; all the latest effects. If.

The Social club will give a banquet and dancing party at their club rooms Saturday evening, Oct. 31st. This is the opening party of the season and the banquet will be held at 6:00 o'clock.

Quite a number from here are duck hunting at Houghton lake this week. Alfred Olson, Harry Simpson and Holger Schmidt joined the force of hunters Tuesday and will return tomorrow.

Miss Minna Gailbraith of Toronto, Canada, who was a guest of Mrs. J. P. Davidson for a couple of weeks returned home last Wednesday. Mrs. Davidson accompanied her as far as Bay City.

Mrs. C. J. Hathaway has been dismissed from Harper hospital in Detroit and is recuperating at the home of her parents at Lake Orion. Mr. Hathaway says he expects her home in a couple of weeks.

The Misses Anna Olson and Anna Nelson returned from Detroit last Saturday night, where they had attended the wedding of Miss Johanna Hanson on Thursday. Sven Hanson, a brother of the bride, of this city, also attended.

A good looking bride deserves a good-looking home.

A good town will do more to keep the boys at home than good advice.

Don't spend all your time telling what you would do if you had some.

Spencer Melstrup left on Monday afternoon on a business trip to Lansing.

C. F. Stewart of Norwalk, Ohio, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday on business.

Don't forget the boiled dinner Saturday, Nov. 7th, to be given by the Grange at the G. A. R. hall.

Mrs. Hans Petersen, after attending the I. O. O. F. convention at Flint, visited her daughter, Miss Olga, in Detroit, returning home Tuesday afternoon.

Lavinia Pearl Rood, four-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rood, is the proud possessor of two teeth, and two more trying hard to get through.

The supper under the auspices of the G. A. R. ladies at the home of Mrs. J. A. Holliday, last Friday evening was well attended and was much enjoyed.

Miss Beale McCullough left Monday afternoon for Detroit to spend a week before going to Pontiac, where she has accepted a position as dietitian in the Oakland hospital.

Harry Fredman of Milwaukee, who has been on business in Upper Michigan, came to Grayling to spend Sunday with his wife at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Joseph.

Maurice Benyas has accepted a position in Detroit and left for that city Monday. Milton Ferguson arrived from Munising yesterday to fill his place in the C. J. Hathaway jewelry store.

Thomas Cassidy has purchased the H. W. Benge bakery business at Pinconning and has put Gaylord Smith, who has been employed at the bakery here, in charge. It will be known by the name of Thos. Cassidy & Co. Mr. Smith left Monday morning to take up his duties.

Selwyn Dexter, who formerly resided here and is a brother of Mrs. Lester McPeak and Mrs. P. Borchers had his left hand so badly mangled, while at work in a saw mill in Hart, Michigan, where is employed as filer, that the middle finger may have to be amputated. It got caught in the revolving chain.

Henry Stephens was booked to sail from New York city on the 24th of the month by the Italian line, and hopes to greet his wife at Vienna, Austria, as soon as he can reach that war and cholera-stricken city. Mrs. Stephens was on her way to Austria to visit her parents, of the Austrian nobility, when the war broke out. Undaunted by the war, she endeavored to reach her home, and finally entered the Red Cross service in the Austrian army. Mr. Stephens expects to return home with his wife about the first of the year.

The work on the new fish hatchery is progressing rapidly and it is expected that at about December 1st the building will be completed. At this time the building is practically enclosed. It is going to be a beauty of architecture, with several gables and an arched entrance two stories high. A million and a half of hatching eggs have been purchased and will be here as soon as the hatchery is ready to receive them. These are of the very best and selected stock. One million of the eggs are taken from wild trout and cost ninety cents per thousand; and the other half million are from tame trout and cost fifty cents per thousand. It is the intention of the promoters of this enterprise to push the hatchery to its utmost, and thus heavily stock the local streams, which will mean that we will soon have the best trout streams in the United States. Marius Hanson, who is the secretary and treasurer, says that they will probably purchase another half million eggs in time to arrive with the others.

The wedding of Miss Johanna Hanson, daughter of Mrs. Johanna Hanson, formerly of this city, and Mr. Alex. R. Sorenson, at Detroit last Thursday, Oct. 22nd, was a very pretty affair. The marriage took place in the Danish church in that city at 7:00 o'clock in the evening, the wedding ceremonies being performed by Rev. Holm, while Mrs. Holm rendered Mendelssohn's Wedding march. The bride was beautifully gowned in white chiffon over white satin and wore a marquisette veil fastened about her head with a wreath of myrtle and carried an arm bouquet of white roses. Miss Anna Nelson of this city, who acted as bridesmaid, wore a dainty dress of pink chiffon over pink taffeta and carried a bouquet of pink roses. Mr. Kaj Hanson, a brother of the bride, officiated as groomsmen. After the ceremonies the wedding party went to the home of the bride's mother, where a two course dinner was served to the guests. At the home as well as in the church the color scheme of pink and white was carried out. The tables for the reception being prettily decorated with white chrysanthemums, pink flowers and amilax. The happy couple were recipients of many and beautiful gifts from their many friends. Mrs. Sorenson having formerly resided here up to several months ago, is well known, and her many friends join with the Avalanche in wishing them many happy years of married life. Mr. Sorenson is employed as a barber in Detroit, and is known by several of our younger people, he having visited here. They are at home to their friends at the home of the bride's mother at 1120 Sixteenth street.

The Catholic ladies will hold their annual chicken pie supper, Wednesday, Nov. 11th at the opera house. Price 25c.

The first snow storm appeared Monday morning and before noon it had grown so cold that icicles had formed at the court yard fountain.

Two schoolmates met after a number of years. After exchanging greetings and courtesies one remarked to the other: "By the way, what are you doing for a living?" The other replied, "I am selling Ford's—but don't tell the dear old folks at home. It would break their hearts. They think I am still in the penitentiary."—Ex. Additional local news on the last page.

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

WANTED—30 bushels potatoes, 8 miles east of Grayling. John Stephenson.

LOST—Black and tan hound dog, very large. Finder please notify Dolph Sancier, Grayling, and receive reward. Phone 1072.

FOR SALE—8 room house and lot in village of Frederic; 80 acres good land 1/2 mile N. E. Frederic; 1 team black mares 6 and 7 yrs., weight 3100—No. 1 work team, for cash or good bankable paper. C. S. Barber, Frederic, Mich.

FOR SALE—Horse, for cash or on time if good security is given. Floyd E. Marlow, Center Plains, Mich.

FOR SALE—Heating stove. Inquire of Mrs. Ella Neil, City.

RIFLE FOR SALE—32 calibre Winchester Special. An excellent gun. Will be sold cheap. Inquire at Avalanche office.

WANTED—A middle aged woman for country home. Two in family. Work light. Address Box 32, Cheboygan, Mich. R. F. D. 3. 10-22-14

FOR SALE—Hard coal base burner for sale cheap. Phone 701. G. F. Smith. 10-22-14

FOR SALE—One village lot located near school house. For information concerning same, inquire Lock Box 501, Grayling, P. O. 10-15-12.

It Always Does the Work.

"I like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy better than any other," writes K. E. Roberts, Homer City, Pa. "I have taken it off and on for years and it has never failed to give the desired results." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

Model Bread

Gives strength to the weak and health to the sick, and helps the healthy and strong to retain their health and strength. Try a loaf and be convinced.

MODEL BAKERY

THOS. CASSIDY, Prop.

Hotel Scandanavian

CHRIS P. HANSEN, Prop'r.

Hotel and Boarding House

Room and Board by the Day or Week

Steam Heat — Electric Lights

Here is an Extraordinary Bargain Event

Which will appeal to every man in the county. We have bought two cases of winter weight Fleeced Shirts and Drawers—64 dozen in all. These are our regular 50c underwear. We place them on sale Saturday for

37½c Per Garment
OR 75c PER SUIT

Sizes—Shirts 34 to 46
Drawers 32 to 44

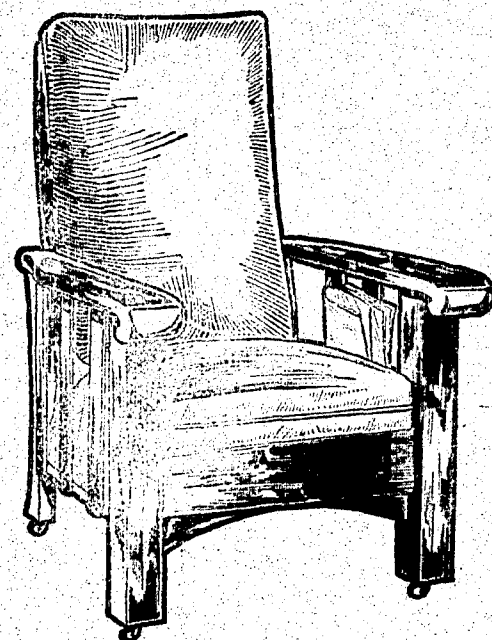
These won't last long at this price, so come early

Full and complete showing of New Fall and Winter Merchandise. Do your trading at the "Quality Store" and you will be satisfied.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store

"Push The Button-and Rest"



Rest, Relax and Enjoy LUXURIOUS COMFORT

In one of the famous

Royal Easy Chairs

One of these big luxurious easy chairs ought to be in your home. It will be the most sought after chair in the house and its roomy, luxurious depths will afford a haven of rest for every member of the family. With just a light finger pressure on the push button the chair back assumes any position comfortable to you and stays where you put it until you release the button. This allows you to read, rest or sleep stretched out at full length with every muscle relaxed in perfect comfort. The foot rest assures absolute comfort for the legs and feet. It is out of sight when not in use. Concealed in this foot rest is a basket for newspapers, periodicals or books. Every one of these chairs is distinctively elegant and stylish. You will be proud to have one or more in your home.

Large Variety of Styles-All Prices

Rare Mahogany—Best of Oaks—All finishes, imported and domestic leathers, tapestries and imitation of leather. One of these makes an IDEAL GIFT for any occasion.

Every Genuine Royal Easy Chair Has the Word Royal on the Push Button

Call Today and Let Us Demonstrate One For You. You will be quickly convinced that you need one.

SORENSEN BROS.
"The House of Dependable Furniture."

The Secret of a Good Toilet



is solved if you come here for your perfumeries, toilet preparations and articles. Our assortment of these contains all the standard makes and none of the inferior or injurious kinds. We take pleasure in inviting you to examine such dainty wares. We know you will enjoy looking as much as we do showing.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE

Grayling, Michigan

Just Good Things to Eat all the time

(Nuf-Sed)

BRINK'S GROCERY

Where Quality, Weight and Measure are Guaranteed.

THE BEST COOKS USE

PILLSBURY

FLOUR

FOR SALE BY

M. Simpson Est.

ALWAYS DEMAND

CONNOR'S WORLD'S BEST ICE CREAM

Made under modern and sanitary conditions. Healthful and refreshing

Sold exclusively by O. Sorenson & Son

Read the Avalanche for all the News

MRS. THOMSON TELLS WOMEN

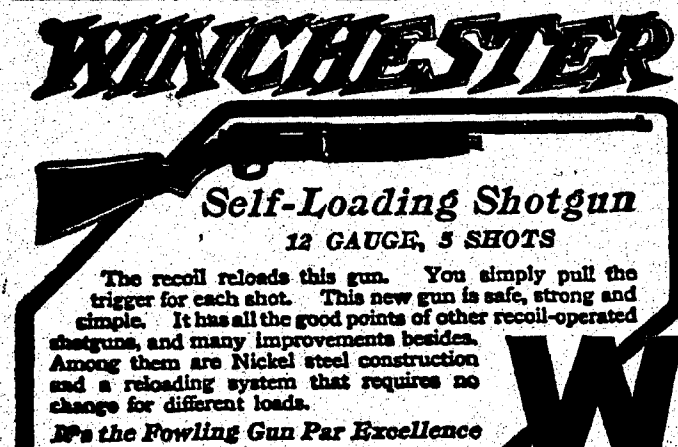
How She Was Helped During Change of Life by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I am just 55 years of age and during Change of Life I suffered for six years terribly. I tried several doctors but none seemed to give me any relief. Every month the pains were intense in both sides, and made me so weak that I had to go to bed. At last a friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me and I tried it at once and found much relief. After that I had no more pain at all and could do my housework and shopping the same as always. For years I have praised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for what it has done for me, and shall always recommend it as a woman's friend. You are at liberty to use my letter in any way."—Mrs. THOMSON, 608 W. Russell St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Change of Life is one of the most critical periods of a woman's existence. Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to carry women so successfully through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

READERS OF THIS PAPER desiring to receive this book, containing full explanation of the medicine, will send their names and addresses to the publisher, The Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



WINCHESTER
Self-Loading Shotgun
12 GAUGE, 5 SHOTS

The recoil reloads this gun. You simply pull the trigger for each shot. This new gun is safe, strong and simple. It has all the good points of other recoil-operated shotguns, and many improvements besides. Among them are: Nickel steel construction and a reloading system that requires no change for different loads.

It's the Fowling Gun Par Excellence

NAVY'S LAST WOODEN SHIP

Boats of the Old Type of War Vessel Passes to New Jersey's Naval Militia.

The Adams, the last of the old wooden ships of the United States navy, which from 1908 until last fall was the training ship of the Pennsylvania State Naval School, has been turned over to the New Jersey naval militia for their cruise off the Maine coast, we read in the Philadelphia Ledger.

This relic of the "old navy" is one of the most picturesque ships now afloat. Bark rigged, with her towering masts and high black topmasts and the guns peering through her ports, she is an object of admiration and curiosity in every port she visits.

She was built in 1874. Until June, 1909, when she went to Samoa, she had an uneventful existence. During the controversy with Germany she was the sole defender of the American flag in that territory. She then went west to the Pacific coast, and in 1914 went ashore in Bering strait. She was repaired, repainted, and brought back to the United States. She then went out of commission, until 1908, when she was turned over to the Pennsylvania State Naval school.

The Result.
"I made the dreammaker take out a lot of stitches in my waist."
"Till her she was ripping mad."

"There's a Reason"

You may have small care what the reason is, so long as your food really nourishes your body and keeps your brain healthy, active and a money-maker.

But when signs of nervous prostration set in, you want to know why you can get sure help from

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

A 10-days' trial usually brings improvement in body and mind, and the experience will show

"There's a Reason"

Grocers everywhere sell Grape-Nuts.

Money for Christmas.

Selling guaranteed wear-proof hostelry to friends & neighbors. Big Xmas business. Wear-Proof Mitts, \$2.00 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.—Adv.

Designation Needed.

Will not Professor Lounsbury, Ambrose Bierce, Mr. Herrick or some other watchdog of the linguistic treasury, invent some word to designate accurately an assemblage of persons who go to see a moving picture show. "Audience" is presumably too good for such a company, and "crowd" doesn't sound right or natural, while "assemblage" and "company" are wide of the mark. Probably the scope of the commonly accepted and familiar "audience" will have to be extended for the purpose.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy. Adv.

Bringing the News.

An evidence of the upside-down conditions of the world ("H.") I notice in this morning's paper Bordeaux news wired from Stockholm, Petrograd news wired from New York, Bucharest news wired from Rome, and Berlin news wired from Saloniki. In due course I expect to hear from Splitterberg that Shackleton has reached the South pole.—Manchester Guardian.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Ball Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

Too Much Style.

"Why did you leave your boarding house?"
"My landlady was too formal."
"That's a singular reason."
"You see, it was this way. She put on so many airs that I kept forgetting she was my landlady and not my hostess. At the end of a week she had me so badly bluffed I was afraid to ask for a second helping."

A man's best friend is a woman who can keep him from making a fool of himself.

LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

COMMISSIONER OF STATE BOARD OFFICE PREPARES REPORT FOR YEARS.

TO STRENGTHEN ARSON LAWS

Not a Single Conviction Has Been Obtained By the State Out of Twenty-Seven Arrests in Two Years.

[By GURD M. HAYES.]

Lansing.—The seventy-second annual report of the Commissioner of the State Land Office, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, is now ready for the state printer. This report reveals the fact that the total amount of state land of all classes is \$96,037.50 acres, of which amount \$76,080.93 acres are a permanent forest reserve. The rest is scattered land which is being traded for the purpose of consolidating these forest reserves.

The great bulk of the land held by the state is tax homestead land that has reverted to the state on account of non-payment of taxes. While only a small acreage was disposed of during the last year the average price per acre for the 121.72 acres was 7.55 per acre. This was mostly for railroad right of ways across state lands, and for other small parcels necessary to work out local propositions.

Most of the money received was on account of sales of city and village property, although \$11,000, up to the first of July, was received from leases of St. Clair Falls property, and about \$4,000 for trespass.

The Public Domain commission has authority under the act to direct the commissioner of the state land office to issue deeds of state lands in exchange for lands inside the boundaries of the several forest reserves. While 50,000 acres of state lands under consideration for exchange, only 492.32 acres have been parted with up to July 1. It would seem from the amount received for the foregoing number of acres that there must be some David Harum connected with the commission, because for the 492.32 acres to which the state parted title, it received \$63.62, or a little more than 300 acres more than it disposed of.

The state land office has only three more months in which to live, and it will then cease to be a department of state, all work being turned over to the Public Domain commission.

From the report just completed by Commissioner Carlton, it would seem that he realized much could be gained from the abolishment of the state land department and the turning of the work over to the Public Domain commission.

"Michigan," said Mr. Carlton, "has ceased to be a land selling state. There is no other good reason for the abolishment of the office, other than the fact that the work of the department is practically done."

In all probability an effort will be made at the next session of the legislature to strengthen the arson laws of the state, as it is practically impossible for the state fire marshal's department to secure a conviction under the existing statutes no matter how strong the evidence.

In some cases persons arrested on a charge of arson have been acquitted after they have confessed in the presence of the prosecuting attorney and the state fire marshal's department feels discouraged.

It has cost the state considerable money to prosecute arson cases and the results have been anything but encouraging. Twenty-seven arrests have been made on arson charges during the past two years and thus far the department has failed to secure a single conviction.

Former Insurance Commissioner Palmer always claimed that there was an "arson trust" operating in Michigan and that an organized gang of fire bugs was operating to beat the insurance companies. Many suspicious fires in restaurants and stores owned by foreigners tended to confirm Palmer's opinion, but he was no more successful than the present fire marshal in convicting any one. "It is not the fault of the officials, but it is due to the present statutes," said Commissioner Winslow.

Proposed laws that the 1915 legislature will be asked to pass were Saturday endorsed by the joint penology commission, composed of the boards of control and wardens of the penal institutions, the pardon board, and the secretary of the state board of corrections and charities.

These laws, if passed, will make sweeping changes in the present government of the pardon board, in the pardoning and sentencing of prisoners and methods of purchasing property.

Chief among the laws advocated is one that will completely change the method of selecting the pardon board. At present the governor has the power to appoint all three members. The proposed change would give the governor power to appoint one member, to be known as the member at large.

the executive clerk serving as his secretary. The wardens of the institution where a case is to be heard would be the second member, and the board of control of each institution would nominate a resident as the third member, to act only in cases under discussion at the institution which he represents. Such members would be replaced by the penology commission before acting.

An indefinite sentence law, replacing the present indeterminate sentence law, is also advocated. This would give a judge power to sentence a prisoner without any specified time, but would not apply to crimes for which life sentence could be imposed.

Another resolution adopted asks the legislature to change the laws as to give the pardon board power to parole third-termers. The governor now has that power. The penology commission will also ask to be empowered to give good time to prisoners in addition to that allowed under the present law. This is asked for in order that trustees and prisoners can be given credit for what they are actually entitled to. The present laws do not cover this point, according to the penology commission.

The Michigan Agricultural College has filed its annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, with Governor Ferris. The total receipts for the year amounted to \$576,632.47, not one cent of which was in gifts of any nature, either for general or designated purposes.

The receipts from students amounted to \$46,135.64, of which \$3,310 was for tuition fees, \$10,471 incidental fees, \$1,811.50 special fees for gymnasiums, \$15,197.71 special fees for laboratories, \$11,345.43 gross receipts from dormitories.

The report shows total expenses for the year of \$587,899.88, of which some of the larger amounts are: Salaries, \$209,398.04; clerks and stenographers, \$24,115.87; employees and extra labor, \$80,755.55; laboratory supplies, \$33,322.40; fuel, \$24,992.95; live stock, \$11,196.

As the result of information received by Auditor General O. B. Fuller there may be an investigation of an attempt by a company known as the Lakewood-Let Owners' Association of Chicago to collect taxes on certain property located in Muskegon county.

E. Erickson of Muskegon has forwarded to Auditor General Fuller a notice received from the Lakewood-Let Owners' Association of Chicago in which he is informed that the company has given bond to the proper authorities to pay to the townships of Fallon, Blue Lake and Fruitridge the taxes levied against the descriptions described in the company's circular. It is set forth that the company is to reimburse itself by collecting the taxes from individual lot owners.

Accompanying the company's letter is a notice signed by Adolph Hard, supervisor of Dalton township in which he says that all real estate taxes should be paid to the Lakewood-Let Owners' Association. There is nothing legal about this as the township treasurer and the auditor general are the only persons authorized to collect taxes. It is said that there may be an investigation as Auditor General Fuller does not like the looks of the proposition.

That Uncle Sam benefits to some extent as the result of the operations of the various state departments, is shown by the quarterly statements of the expenditures for postage filed with the executive office. During the past three months the postage bills for the various departments amounted to \$11,895.35.

The secretary of state's department which has the heaviest mail used \$4,000 in postage, while the state tax commission is second with \$1,300. Next comes the state banking commission with \$1,000. The office of the superintendent of public instruction used \$557, dairy and food department \$492.40, state highway department \$448.50 and state board of health \$400.

According to the biennial report of the state sanatorium at Howell filed with Governor Ferris, that institution will ask the next legislature for an appropriation of \$55,000 for maintenance during the next two years. In addition to the maintenance appropriation special appropriations of \$15,000 for an infirmary and \$12,000 for a children pavilion will be asked. The report for the fiscal year ending June 14 shows that there was a deficit of \$4,227.27.

The report of the medical superintendent shows that 276 tubercular patients were admitted for treatment during the past year and one-fourth of them came from the counties of Wayne and Genesee. At the Howell sanatorium only latent cases are accepted, but the superintendent recommends that a hospital for patients in all stages of the disease should be provided by the state.

Classified as to occupation, 98 house keepers and 35 students were registered. Practically every other occupation was represented but three were appeared to claim the most. The percentage of women patients was considerably larger than the percentage of men. The average age was from twenty to thirty years. The report shows that at least 75 percent of the patients have improved after treatment.

Edwin Kootla, candidate for lieutenant governor on the socialist ticket, will not have his name printed on the ballot. Kootla was nominated by the socialists and the Socialist Labor party at the primary as a candidate for lieutenant governor. Whether a man is nominated by two parties he must satisfy the secretary of state within five days after the primary which takes will carry his name. Kootla failed to make a choice and consequently his name will not appear on any ballot.

HINTS FOR PRESERVE CLOSET

Pickled Peaches Should by All Means Be Among the Condiments Stored.—Branded Cherries.

Pickled peaches are a dinner condiment of unparalleled excellence. Many people prefer pickled fruit to the sweeter jellies and preserves and the good housekeeper always puts up pickled dainties as well as preserves, jellies and jams for her well-stocked winter fruit closet.

Here is a tried and true recipe for pickled peaches: To seven pounds of selected peaches allow half as many pounds of granulated sugar, one quart of vinegar, two ounces each of stick cinnamon and cloves. Dissolve the sugar in the hot vinegar, add the peaches and boil slowly until the peaches have become soft enough to be pierced easily by a fork. Turn out the fruit and boil the syrup down to one-half. Now put in the peaches again and let the whole just come to a boil. Pour into a deep crock and cover when cold.

A Virginian housekeeper recommends this recipe for brandied cherries: Cover large, oxbart cherries which have been stoned with some excellent brandy and let stand for 48 hours. Add to the mixture sugar in a proportion of pound for pound. Do not cook, but seal in glass jars and set away in a cool, dry place. These cherries are delicious for garnishing whipped cream and frozen desserts. They may also be served in home-mixed cocktails.

AN OYSTER STEW RECIPE

Expert Recommends This as an Unusually Appetizing Way of Serving the Bivalves.

Fannie Merritt Farmer, cookery editor of the Woman's Home Companion, presents a number of "Recipes for October" in that publication. Among them is her recipe for Boston oyster stew, which follows:

"Put one quart of oysters in a cold and pour over three-fourths cupful of cold water. Carefully pick over oysters, remove tough muscles from half of them, and slightly chop remaining half with removed tough muscles. Add chopped oysters to water drained through colander, heat to the boiling point, and let simmer three minutes. Strain through a double thickness of muslin cloth, and reserved soft part of oyster, and cook until oysters are plump. Remove oysters with a skimmer and put in a tureen with one-fourth cupful of butter, one-half tablespoonful of salt, and one-eighth teaspoonful of pepper. Add oyster liquor, strained a second time, and one quart of scalded milk. Always remember to scald milk in a double boiler, which overcomes the danger of scorching. Serve with oyster crackers."

Jellied Salmon, Cucumber Sauce.

One can salmon, one-half tablespoonful salt, one-half tablespoonful sugar, one-half tablespoonful flour, one teaspoonful mustard, few grain cayenne, yolks of two eggs, one and a half tablespoonfuls melted butter, three-fourths cupful milk, one-fourth cupful vinegar, three-fourths tablespoonful granulated gelatin, two tablespoonfuls cold water. Remove salmon from tin, rinse thoroughly with hot water and separate in flakes. Mix dry ingredients, add egg yolks, butter, milk and vinegar. Cook over boiling water, stirring constantly until mixture thickens. Add gelatin soaked in cold water, strain and add to salmon. Stand until set. Serve in individual molds with following sauce: Beat one-half cupful heavy cream until stiff, add pinch pepper and two tablespoonfuls vinegar, then add one cucumber, peeled and chopped.

Old-Fashioned Baked Ham.

Have a slice of ham cut an inch (or even a little more) thick—one with quite a little fat on is preferable—trim off the extreme edge of the fat and wash the slices thoroughly, lay flat in dripping pan and cover to the depth of about one-quarter of an inch with brown sugar. Stick into the sugar about ten or twelve whole cloves, put one-half cupful of water in the pan and bake slowly, about three-quarters of an hour; do not baste, but add a little more water from time to time if it seems too dry; spiciness garnished with hard-boiled eggs cut in slices is nice to serve with this, and the ham is good cold as well as hot.

Sponge Cake, Orange Filling.

Mix well together three egg yolks, three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, the grated rind of one lemon, one cupful of sifted flour and one teaspoonful of baking powder. When well beaten together add a little salt and the whites of the three eggs beaten stiff. Bake for 15 minutes in Washington pie tin. For the filling beat together the yolks of one egg, with a little of the grated rind, one egg, one cupful of sugar and two tablespoonfuls of warmed butter, and cook in a double boiler until it thickens. Spread between the layers of cake.

Beanpot Roast.

One and one-half pounds of clear stew meat, cut into two-inch bits. Put in beanpot and cover. Set in oven two hours and bake slowly. Do not add anything but one-half teaspoonful salt. It will be rich, with lots of nice gravy, if cooked slowly. Nice served with potatoes and hot slaw. Sometimes when nearly done take out of the oven and put into a good-sized shallow dish, put a thick layer of mashed potatoes on evenly all over. Set back in oven to brown slowly.

Beefsteak Brown Hash.

Chop any remains of steaks, roasts or stew very fine. Grange a deep pie dish. Put a layer of mashed potatoes (old ones, left over, will do) in the bottom of the dish, then a layer of meat, then a layer of stale bread crumbs, sprinkle with salt and pepper, a few bits of butter; moisten with a half cupful of beef gravy, then put another layer of potatoes. Dip a knife into milk and smooth the top. Bake in a moderate oven until browned and hot.

Fire Threatens Home.

Belhus cathedral had a narrow escape from destruction in July, 1491, when some plumbers, who had been mending the roof, left a braiser, half extinguished, among the timbers. The following morning smoke and flames were seen issuing from the spire which crowned the choir of the cathedral. It was late in the afternoon before the flames could be extinguished, and by that time the central spire, most of the roof and the transept gables were completely destroyed. Louis XI was so furious when he heard of the catastrophe that he announced his intention of evicting the canons of the cathedral, through whose negligence the fire was said to have spread, and putting monks in their places.

NEARLY CRAZY WITH ECZEMA

354 Plum St., Youngstown, Ohio.—"Blotches like ringworms started to come out all over my face and neck. Later it took the form of white flakes and when I would rub they came off in little white scales. The eczema so disgusted me that I was ashamed to go out anywhere. It itched all the time and whenever I perspired or got my face the least bit wet, it would burn until I very nearly went crazy. The more I rubbed or scratched the more it spread and it made me so restless I could not sleep at night."

"One day a friend prevailed upon me to get a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. They caused the itching to stop instantly and in a very few days my face and neck began to show a marked improvement. I used three cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment, and my face and neck are completely cured." (Signed) Newton D. W. Chapman, Feb. 27, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with \$2-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. 1, Boston."—Adv.

Superstitions Europe.

For the manufacture of pottery of the better grades considerable clay, mainly kaolin, is imported into this country from Europe and China, the value of these imports last year exceeding two million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. It seems probable, says the United States geological survey, that under the necessity due to the war of now finding a domestic supply, these finer clays can be in large part replaced. Already a process of decoloring kaolin is reported as successful, and this may make large deposits of kaolin and ball clay available for the manufacture of white ware and pottery.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch* in the Red Oval on the Box.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Could Be Easily Put Right.

"Aren't you afraid to run about in your bare feet, over such a rough pavement?" was asked of a fair-haired little maid, whose snowy "tootsies" betrayed their unaccustomed contact with the coarser things of earth. "Aren't you afraid you'll get out or wounded?"

"Yes, a little," returned the child frankly, "but, if I do, it's no matter. My papa's a doctor, and getting me up again won't cost anyone a cent!"

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU that *Marine Balm* is the best remedy for all sorts of skin troubles. Write for Book of the Balm by mail from *Marine Balm Co.*, Chicago.

But Not With Water.

"He—I gave a poor man a dollar yesterday and told him to come around and let me know how he was getting on. She—That was good of you; like casting your bread upon the waters. He—Yes, something like that. Anyway he came back this morning 'soaked.'"

Red Cross Ball Blue, much better, goes further than liquid blue. Get from any grocer. Adv.

Progress Reported.

"Have you learned that new dance?" "Well," replied Uncle Flopsie, "I haven't quite learned it, but I'm getting on. I don't feel exactly graceful as yet, but I've got over being afraid that I'll fall down."—Washington Star.

Boils Biliousness Malaria Constipation

Perhaps this case may be similar to yours

A. Wesley Tilly of (Box 573), Helena, Cal., writes: "Gentlemen:—I am a sufferer from biliousness, malaria, constipation, and I have been told that your medicine will do me much good for these ailments. I have tried many other remedies, but none have done me any good. I have heard that your medicine is a great deal with malaria and biliousness, accompanied with the worst sort of large boils. I was persuaded by my mother to try the Golden Medical Discovery. I took one bottle and the boils disappeared, but I did not stop at one bottle, I took three and the malaria all left me and I have had no more boils to this day. I thank you for the Golden Medical Discovery for my relief."

"Following an operation for appendicitis two years ago I was troubled very much with constipation and I was told by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and I have had no more trouble. I thank you for the Golden Medical Discovery for my relief."

Small Pills, Small Dose, Small Price.

Gentlemen must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

PRINTED FOR THE PUBLISHER

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 44-1914.

Unsettling Republic.

Theoretically China is a republic, but it is hardly believable that it is such in the sense that this country is. We may be sure that, despite its republican name, China is ruled largely by a few men at Peking. Self-government is something that is slowly acquired. It cannot be brought about in a day by conventional rulings.

A ring with a glass set in it will make any little girl happy until she meets another little girl with a ring that has two glass sets in it.



Neuralgia

There is no need to suffer the annoying, excruciating pain of neuralgia. Sloan's Liniment laid on gently will soothe the aching head like magic. Don't delay. Try it at once.

How What Others Say

"I have been a sufferer with Neuralgia for several years and have tried different remedies, but I could not get any relief. I have tried it successfully; it has been a relief. I have tried it successfully; it has been a relief. I have tried it successfully; it has been a relief."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for rheumatism, backache, sore throat and sprains.

At all dealers, 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a TRIAL BOTTLE

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Inc.

Dept. B. Philadelphia, Pa.

Be Good To Yourself

by keeping in good physical trim and you will be the best friend to yourself and a pleasure to others. Most sicknesses begin in the ordinary and minor ailments of the digestive organs, and for these ailments

Beecham's Pills

have become the most popular remedy, because they are so safe, so certain, and prompt in their beneficial action. They tone the stomach, stimulate the liver, regulate the bowels. By cleansing the system and purifying the blood they prove that they

Are the Best Of Good Friends

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask Your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., LTD., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Are You Troubled?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

for over forty years has been lending its aid to just such cases as this. In our

Golden Medical Discovery, we have the testimonies of thousands of people who have been cured of their ailments.

Perhaps you are skeptical, but isn't it worth at least a trial in view of such strong testimony? Isn't it reasonable to suppose that if it has done so much for others it can do so much for you?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will supply you in liquid or tablet form, or you can send for one of our books for a trial.

Address: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Small Pills, Small Dose, Small Price.

Gentlemen must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

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ON HALLOWE'EN



Within the mirror's polished sheen
She seeks her fate on Hal-loween.
Her lover's face appears, I ween!

Correspondence

Frederic School Notes.
Mrs. Travis visited the primary and intermediate rooms on Thursday afternoon. More parents should take an interest in what their children are doing here.

The seventh grade are now completing the reading of "Enoch Arden."

Mr. Bailey spent Friday evening with his parents in Gaylord, who were celebrating their wedding anniversary.

Vera Cameron was absent from the high school Thursday afternoon.

Miss Irving, county school commissioner, visited the primary and intermediate rooms on Wednesday of last week.

Elmer Johnson has returned to high school, after an absence of two weeks. Ruth Edmonds is absent from high school on account of sickness.

Florence Meyers left Monday for her future home in Otsego county.

Julia Devalk was absent from high school Friday.

Patrick Topenis entered the second grade Wednesday.

Rev. Lohnes of Gaylord visited the high school room last Tuesday afternoon.

Roland LaGrow and Liland Smock report that they will enter high school this coming week. They are both progressive students and we are glad to hear that they are to be with us.

Francis McDermid is absent from high school.

Oral Cameron is absent from the seventh grade this week on account of sickness.

Don't forget the Halloween supper and entertainment given by the freshmen class at the opera house Saturday, October 31st. Come and have your fortune told.

The piano was moved into the high school room Thursday evening. It makes a great improvement in the appearance of the room and we all enjoy the music. Mae McDermid acts as the musician.

The first number of the lecture course, that is to be given under the auspices of the school athletic association, will be the Otterbein Singers and Bell Singers. This number comes very highly recommended and we are hoping that the course will be well patronized.

Do you want to buy or sell anything? No matter what it is—a house, a dog, a piano, what not—use our classified department. The logic and the reality is this: You find the seller or who wants to sell and the buyer who wants to buy.

FREDERIC NEWS

First snow October 26, 1914.
James Smith has commenced logging west of Frederic for Salling, Hanson & Co.

Contractor Peasley has Eli Forbush's new house nearly completed.

Albert Lewis has a logging job from J. Smith.

Harry Smock is logging for J. Smith.

C. S. Barber was caught with no roof on his new addition and hopes the snow will go off.

The Frederic Bank is doing business in their new building. It certainly looks like business and we all ought to feel proud of it.

M. C. R. Agent E. V. Barber is taking a week's vacation, visiting in Grand Rapids.

Highway Commissioner Barber finished up the new concrete and steel bridge across Manistee river—three 30-ft. spans and 79 foot concrete retaining wall—at a cost of about \$3800, and says he thinks there is no better in the state of his kind.

C. S. Barber, wife and family visited at the home of John Malco last Sunday.

C. B. Tompkins and wife made a flying trip through Frederic last Thursday and spent a few days visiting his mother, Mrs. J. Malco, in Maple Forest. They returned to Grand Rapids Sunday, where he is employed at county road building.

Do not forget the high school Halloween entertainment Saturday night Oct. 31, 1914.

Lovells.

Mrs. Clyde Klotz and sister, Miss Genevieve Houghton, are visiting their home in Lewiston.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kennedy and little daughter Joan left for Mio Thursday for a few weeks' visit.

Messrs. Karl Tharu and Fred Glimm are here on a hunting trip. They are staying at the home of A. L. Burnside.

Miss Florence McCormick spent Sunday with friends in Lewiston.

Joseph Kennedy and Charles Lee arrived here Saturday for a few days.

Why Not Publish It?

When you want a fact to become generally known, the right way is to publish it. Mrs. Joseph Kellana, Peru, Ind., was troubled with belching, sour stomach and frequent headaches. She writes, "I feel it is my duty to tell others what Chamberlain's Tablets have done for me. They have helped my digestion and regulated my bowels. Since using them I have been entirely well." For sale by all dealers.

Local News

House for rent—Will Moshier.

Frank Tetu Sr. is seriously ill at his home.

A good way to make the world better is to begin with the home town.

Good work team for sale cheap. H. H. Burgess, Wellington, Mich. Phone County Line. 10-29-3.

Many people are complaining about the shower baths that they are receiving from the fountain at the court house as they pass.

Emil Kraus is confined to his home with typhoid fever. It is a mild case, and Mr. Kraus will soon be able to be out and around again.

Mrs. Hugh Emery and little son of Rosecommon returned home Tuesday, after a several days' visit here, guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Cooper.

T. E. Douglas, in putting alcohol into Clayton Straehly's machine last night, lit a match, causing an explosion, which resulted in burning his eyebrows and eyelashes off and burning his face some.

Four hunters from Detroit, plead guilty in justice court today for having killed quail out of season. They were fined \$25.00 and costs, amounting to \$11.25. Mr. Babbitt was the complaining witness.

Fresh from the ocean for your Friday dinner. We can deliver to your home fresh codfish, eels, flounders and herring. This is special for this week. We also have all kinds of salted and canned fish. H. Petersen.

E. S. Houghton is absent from his duties as county treasurer at the court house this week. He is at Portage lake surveying the boundary lines around the Hanson Military Reservation.

The lands will be posted, to warn hunters not to enter the grounds.

Axel H. Michelson is interesting himself in making a collection of clothing and supplies to send to the war sufferers in Belgium. A number of families and some of the business places have donated very liberally. A large shipment was sent out by express by Mr. Michelson this morning.

The American Express Company has instructed all of its local offices to issue Express Monday Orders and supplies free of any charge to any person who may wish to send a contribution in that form to the American Red Cross for relief work in Europe.

Mark packages "Christmas gifts for Children of Europe." This will insure proper delivery. Packages delivered to the local express office on or before Nov. 5, will reach New York in time to catch the government steamer which will sail from there Nov. 10.

F. M. Parks went to Standish and West Branch on business.

Set a few flowers out in the front yard, and set a good example.

Mrs. M. T. Tremper of Saginaw is a guest of her sister, Mrs. O. W. Koeber.

Mrs. M. W. Brink returned Tuesday evening from a visit to Flint, Saginaw and Oxford.

Miss Elizabeth Alexander of Detroit is a guest at the home of her brother, George Alexander.

Miss Viola Hayes and Miss Mary Smith were visiting friends in Hardgrove for a few days.

Mrs. William Miller underwent a very serious operation at Mercy hospital yesterday afternoon.

Peter Wellington has purchased the Alouzo Colten residence on Peninsula avenue and moved into it this week.

David James, chief deputy game warden of Petoskey, has been a guest of Game Warden Babbitt a few days this week.

Mrs. O. P. Schumann and daughters, Helen and Mary Esther, will leave tomorrow for Grand Rapids and Hastings.

F. M. Parks and wife and Wm. Cody and wife enjoyed an auto ride to East Jordan last week in the latter's machine.

Quite a number from here attended the Harold Jarvis entertainment at Gaylord last evening and were highly pleased with same.

The public is invited to see a special display of sweaters, mackinaws and sporting goods at Olaf Sorenson & Sons cigar store all day tomorrow, (Friday).

Saturday was coffee day at Simpson's grocery, and everyone who came into the store was served with a delicious cup of hot Old Master coffee and wafers.

John Allen of Waters is a patient at Mercy hospital, being admitted one day last week. He is here for treatment and expects to be here for about three weeks.

United in marriage on Oct. 28th, William Applin of this city and Miss May Peavuit of Mackinaw at the court house, Justice Schumann performing the ceremony.

The lumber yard crew at T-town are working eight hours a day now, beginning at 7:00 in the morning and till 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon. They commenced last Monday.

Special Subscription Offer: As a special inducement we hereby offer the Avalanche free to Jan. 1st to new paid in advance subscribers. Thus \$1.50 will pay for the Avalanche from now until January 1st, 1916. Hurry and take advantage of this offer.

Louie Joseph is playing in the U. of M. Soccer foot ball team, as half-back at Ann Arbor. He played the last fifteen minutes of a game against Ypsi.

The other day, the game resulting in a tie 0-0. Ypsilanti plays a return game at Ann Arbor tomorrow, and U. of M. play at Kalamazoo, Thanksgiving.

Will J. Lauder, who is attending the M. A. C., has made good with the official college band, and will be with that organization at the big football game between the M. A. C. and the Pennsylvania State college team, Oct. 14.

Will plays the saxophone and his friends here will be pleased to learn of his success.

Mrs. Allen B. Failing, who has been at Harper hospital receiving medical treatment for over four weeks, was dismissed and returned home last Thursday. She is getting along fine and is up and around, although not very strong. Her nurse, Miss Hetty Balhoff, who attended her while in the hospital, accompanied her home.

Miles of films, hundreds of plates and photographic records, an education in a day, history, modern science and the Bible unite as a basis for fascinating and instructive photo-drama, that will be shown at the opera house from Nov. 3rd to 7th and from 3:00 to 8:00 p. m. each day. This is all free and everyone is welcome—all the people of Grayling and surrounding country.

This photo-drama is brought to Grayling thru the influence of public-spirited local citizens and is for the entertainment and education of the citizens and should be attended by all. Children will not be admitted in the evening.

Mrs. William Milliken of Beaver Creek, tells of a narrow escape that she had while driving home from town last Saturday. She says that when near the planing mill one horse became frightened at an auto. Just as the horses became quieted down it received another fright and the team started to run across the track just as a switch engine came along, and the team swung in between a telegraph pole and the engine, the latter missing the wagon by a narrow margin.

Mrs. Milliken states that this is a very dangerous crossing and believes that the railroad company should place an alarm bell at that point. One of her horses was badly lamed up by the adventure.

Harry H. Whiteley of Millersburg, who is the candidate for the State legislature from this district, was in the city Tuesday. While here, accompanied by M. Hanson, he visited the fish hatchery and was greatly pleased at what is being done here by private individuals in the way of promoting the restocking of trout in our streams.

He says that he has done but little campaigning in his interest in Crawford county, but the fact that he is so well known here almost made it unnecessary. He was born in Gaylord and has lived in this district all his life, and the older residents who don't know him generally were well acquainted with his father, Henry Whiteley.

Mr. Johnson, who was the victim of a run-away last week, is suffering from a broken shoulder blade. He is getting along nicely. He was visited by his son, Chris Johnson of Onaway, Tuesday.

The friends of Melvin Bates, who is ill at the home of his daughter, in Grand Rapids, will be pleased to learn that he is improving nicely. One week ago he was considered in a serious condition.

Paul Marienthal, who represents some Chicago firm visited his sister, Mrs. M. Brenner and family over Sunday. He is making his northern trip and came over from the Soo. L. Marienthal of Bay City, their father, came next Saturday and spent Sunday with them.

About 65 members of the Loyal Order of Moose enjoyed the fruits of their Sunday hunt on Monday evening, by serving a game dinner. William Nell did the cooking and Walter Cowell and Morris Burroughs did the serving, and the latter two gentlemen are responsible for the statement that they cooked and served over twenty rabbits and 15 partridges, besides dozens of hot biscuits and many other good things.

Spencer Melstrup has resigned from the position of superintendent of the R. Hanson & Sons mills and taken stock in the Butler-Langevin Lumber company of Lansing, he having purchased the stock shares of Mr. Langevin. In the reorganization Mr. Melstrup was elected secretary-treasurer of the company. This is a nice promotion and is one that has been fairly won. Mr. Melstrup started on the lower rung of the ladder to learn the lumber business and has made good in every position that he has held. Mr. and Mrs. Melstrup are among our most popular young people and will be greatly missed, however, their many friends here will wish them success and happiness in their new home. Their household goods are being packed preparatory to moving.

The Magic Pears.

(BY HELEN BINGHAM)

There was once a prince who was very unhappy at his father's court, and one day he started out for himself, taking only his favorite horse and a small sum of money.

It was not long before this money was gone and the prince did not know what to do, not wishing to sell his horse, which was his only possession. As he was riding through the forest thinking it over, he heard the sound of dogs and a rabbit ran from the woods, falling exhausted at his feet.

He dismounted, picked up the rabbit, wrapped it in his coat and laid it on his horse. The hunters soon appeared and asked if he had seen the rabbit, as anyone possessing its right front foot would always have money.

The prince answered that he had not and the hunters passed on. When they were gone the coat fell from the horse and a beautiful fairy stepped forth, saying:

"You have saved me from the cruel hunters who care more for money than for a helpless animal's life, so I will give you something worth more than money."

Drawing a ring from her finger, she said that he should wear it, and whenever he wished for anything to press the ring and it would be answered. At that she disappeared and the prince mounted and rode on, wondering at what he had seen.

Before long he began to grow hungry, and looking forward he saw some large, delicious-looking pears. He picked two or three, putting all but one in his pocket, and this one he ate. Immediately large horns began to grow from his head, and they grew so large that he could not move forward in the forest. Of course the prince did not know what to do, and as he sat pondering he thought of the ring which the fairy had given him, and pressing it, he wished that the horns be removed. At once the fairy stood before him, holding in her hand smaller pears than the one that he had eaten from before. These she gave to the prince, telling him to eat one and the horns would be removed. This he did, putting the others in his pocket with the larger pears. Before he realized it the horns were all gone and he was free to move on.

Toward nightfall he came in sight of a beautiful castle, and meeting a woodman he asked who lived there.

"A king who is wonderful, and though he is very fond of money, has little and has promised his beautiful daughter in marriage to any one who can fill the coffers of the kingdom with gold," answered the woodman.

The prince thanked him and rode up to the castle. As he did so he pressed the ring, wishing that he had money enough to fill the coffers of the kingdom, and feeling in his pockets he found them full of gold.

When the prince was admitted to the king, he expressed his intention of marrying the princess. The king was greatly amazed at first, but when he was shown the great amount of money that the prince possessed, he led him to the counting house, which was filled with huge chests. The prince emptied first one pocket and then another into the chests, and when he came back to the first pocket he found it full again. This continued until the chests were full.

Then the king said that the prince would certainly marry the princess the following day. The princess was called and she was pleased at marrying so wealthy a man. She asked him to walk in the garden with her, and as they were talking together she asked where he had found all the money, pretending to be only interested in a general way. When the prince told

her of the fairy ring she decided to get the ring for herself, thinking that she would be able to derive more pleasure from it than if she had to divide with the prince. So that night as the prince lay sleeping in the castle, one of the servants of the princess entered the room and took the ring from his finger.

When the prince awoke and discovered his loss he was very sorry, and was glad that he had received the promise of the princess before losing the ring. But when he could not produce any more gold for the greedy king he was put out of the castle without even his horse. This was indeed bad luck for the prince, and as he sat wondering as to what he could do next, he happened to put his hand on the pears in his pocket.

A bright idea entered his head, and going to the home of the woodman with whom he had talked before, he disguised himself as a peddler selling the large, delicious-looking pears. She took up one, bit into it, and large horns sprang from her head.

There was great sorrowing in the court when the horns remained attached to the princess' head, because she could not enter any of the doors of the castle and as soon as they were enlarged the horns also grew.

At last, after trying everything else, the princess offered herself to anyone who could remove the horns.

Then the prince, who had been watching proceedings from the house of the woodman, took one of the smaller pears to the princess, telling her to eat it. As soon as she did this the horns disappeared and she was as before. The princess recognized him and returned the ring.

The next day the marriage was celebrated with all magnificence, and the prince and his bride lived happily ever after.

RAM'S HORN BROWN

The farmer who thinks is the one who feeds the world.

The farmer who thinks mixes his sins with the seed he sows.

The farmer who thinks never takes any chances with a mule.

The farmer who thinks is always putting elbow grease on the wheels of the world.

The farmer who thinks is always making unwritten laws that others have to obey.

The man who has a gold brick to sell never wastes his time on the farmer who thinks.

The farmer who thinks knows means when he sees them, no matter where they grow.

The farmer who thinks turns everything into a school to teach him how to become a better farmer.

The farmer who thinks is the man who makes two blades of grass grow where only one grew before.

The farmer who thinks is always ready for anything that comes along from a cyclone to a book agent.

The farmer who thinks will not sit down in the shade and take things as they come, but will try to make them come his way.

MAN WITH A HAMMER

People you foot-easily soon get wise and hate you.

The people pay for the compliments they receive from politicians in taxes.

We need more plain, simple common sense and less extraordinary nonsense.

The people, like fire department horses, run as fast as they can to a false alarm.

There is about as much reform in politics as there is justice in a court house.

Radium is like the recall; a great deal was expected of it, but when the test came, it was about like other remedies, though more expensive.

The notion that a poor man is the soul of honor, while the well-to-do man is naturally disposed to roguery, is only accepted in socialism.

Instead of being the greatest lot of patriots in the world, as they claim, the people of the United States are really the greatest lot of chumps. If they were not chumps they would not so calmly submit to being made fools of by the politicians.—E. W. Howe's Monthly.

THE MODERN SOLOMON

To err is human, and the average ball player is very human.

It isn't every woman who has the face to boast about her complexion.

Before you try to make a man feel at home be sure what kind of home he has.

Occasionally a thought strikes a man so suddenly that it takes him off his guard.

Practice makes perfect, which is more than can sometimes be said of preaching.

It's all right to put your best foot forward, but let your other one catch up with it.

It's an amusing thing to see a man getting it in the neck, provided we are not the man and it isn't our neck.—Philadelphia Record.

The Catholic ladies will hold their annual chicken pie supper, Wednesday, November 11th, at the opera house. Price 25c.

What Would You Do?

There are many times when one man questions another's actions and motives. Men act differently under different circumstances. The question is, what would you do right now if you had a severe cold? Could you do better than to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? It is highly recommended by people who have used it for years and know its value. Mrs. O. E. Sargent, Peru, Ind., says, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is worth its weight in gold, and I take pleasure in recommending it." For sale by all druggists.

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

(COMPOUND)
For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c, and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Oil to:

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 136 William St., New York.

Sick Animals

The treatment of diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, is given in Dr. Humphreys' Veterinary Manual, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Remedies, 156 William St., New York.

Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect Sept. 28, 1913.

Read Down.				Read Up.			
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
6.00	12.25	lv Grayling ar	11.55	14.35	lv Manistee ar	12.10	16.45
6.54	1.24	" Resort	11.46	15.18	" Kaleva	11.25	6.00
8.21	3.28	" Sigma	11.19	5.18	" Rvr Brch	11.00	5.35
9.20	4.00	" Rowley	12.48	5.55	" Copemish	11.00	5.35
11.13	4.55	" Walton	12.55	6.42	" Nessen Cy	10.49	5.21
		" Buckley	11.03	7.23	" Platte Rvr	10.17	4.53
		" Glenkarry	10.39	8.49	" Lake Ann	10.11	4.54
		" Rvr Brch	9.55	9.31	" Fouch	9.48	4.47
		" Kaleva	9.45	9.54	" TraverseC	9.30	4.24
		" Chief Lake	9.45	10.10			
		" Norwalk	9.39				
		" Manistee	19.35				

† Daily, except Sunday.

GLEN SMITH, Attorney and Solicitor, GRAYLING, MICH. Phone 62.

Drs. Insley & Keyport Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store, Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m. 2-4, 7-8 p. m. Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. Hall.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON PROPRIETOR.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier

G. A. Canfield, D.D.S. DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue. Office hours: 8.30-11 a. m. 1-3.30 p. m.

O. Palmer ATTORNEY AT LAW

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY Office in Avalanche Building FIRE INSURANCE

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W. N. Roach, Jr., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Mechanical and